Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. VIII., No. 41. DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1926 Subscription $1.50 a Year

Look Around and Enquire!

We frequently find people have sent away and paid more money for goods we have in stock because they did not know we had it.

Rolled Oats, 20	95c	Ontario Cheese, per lb.	28c
Shelled Walnuts, per lb.	40c	Lux Violet Soap, 3 for	25c
White Beans, 16 lbs.	$1.00	Kamloops Tomatoes, per can	15c
Fresh Peanuts, 2 lbs.	25c	Aylmer Corn on cob, each	35c
10 lbs. Delmonte Prunes	$1.55	Orange Marmalade, per tin	55c
10 lbs. Green Plune Prunes	$1.40	Pineapple Marmalade, per tin	75c
Loganberry Jam (pure)	55c	Rainbow Corn Flakes, 5 for	50c
Strawberry Jam "	75c	Gallon Fruits, per tin	$1.00
Blackberry Jam "	55c	Sunny Monday Soap, cake	5c
Strawberry and Apple Jam	50c	Gold Dust Powder	30c
Picnic Hams, per lb.	23c	Gold Dust Cleanser	10c
Five-string Brooms, each	45c	Blue Ribbon Matches, 6 boxes	55c
Wood-box Sodas	60c	Lawtonberries, per can	10c
20 lbs. Swift's Lard	$4.50	Crate McIntosh Apples	$1.75
Quick China Oats, 2 for	75c		
5 lbs. Macaroni	50c	25 lbs. Onions	75c

SPECIALS

Horsehide Pullovers, per pair	$1.00	Heavy Wool Khaki Shirts, each	$2.00
Men's Storm Rubbers, roll edge	$1.35	Inlaid Linoleum, 6 feet wide, yard	$3.00
Men's Silk & Wool Underwear, suit	$4.00	Fleece Underwear, Men's Suit	$1.80
Leather Lined Mackinaws	$13.00	Fleece Underwear, Boys' Suit	$1.20
Heavy Blue Denim Overalls	$1.75	Children's Fleece Sleepers, Suit	$1.20
White Flannelette, 34 inches, yard	27c	Congoleum, 9 ft. wide, per yd.	$2.55
Heavy Wool Sox, reg. 50c, per pair	40c	Stove Base Boards, 26x26	$2.15
Boys' Heavy Rib Wool Hose, size 9	90c	Screwdrivers, reg. 45c	15c

The Delia Farmers' Co-operative Assoc., Ltd.

Phone 39

Co-operation Is Keynote of Alberta Motor League and Good Roads Association

New Organization Plans to Further Better Highway Work; Road Marking, Touring Service, Publication of Official Magazine and Emblems for Members Will Be Part of Program.

Automobile owners of Alberta are now provided with effective and practicable means of furthering their own interests, obtaining protection in the way of legislation, advancing the cause of better roads and building up a mutual service organization which will offer the same facilities that any commercial enterprise is able to provide at greatly reduced cost.

This new organization is known as the Alberta Motor League and Good Roads association. Its keynote is co-operation, and benefits and privileges will extend to every part of the province.

Its members will be affiliated with the united motor leagues of all the provinces of Canada and with the various automobile associations of the United States.

The Alberta Motor League was formally launched into active organization work at a meeting held in Edmonton recently. Representatives were present from many parts of the province, and all expressed the utmost enthusiasm in promoting the interests of such a mutual service organization. Some months previously, the desirability of the formation of this nature was obtained by automobile club officers of Edmonton and Calgary, and as a result of the interest meeting the league will henceforth be an important factor in the life of the province.

Foremost in the plans of the organization will be the furthering of better highway work in the province. Legislation affecting the interests of automobile owners will also be looked after.

Roadsigns will be supplied all members and as rapidly as possible steps will be taken to supply road maps and touring information, together with a magazine or publication to represent the league as an official organ. Touring will be encouraged. Road marking will be carried out as extensively as possible, and the organization hopes forward to the time when the membership will warrant the establishment of a towing service and many other benefits to members.

The important public service work now being carried on by the local automobile clubs of Edmonton and Calgary will be continued as subsidiary organizations of the Alberta Motor league, and encouragement will be given to the formation of clubs of the league in other centers of the province where sufficient membership can be obtained to make the local unit effective. Membership from anyone in the province will be accepted at a minimum of $5.00 per annum. Where local clubs exist, they will retain $3 00 of the annual fee and remit $2.00 to the central offices.

It was unanimously agreed that the Alberta Motor league would become a member of the Canadian Automobile association, at the suggestion of Dr. P. E. Doolittle, president of the C.A.A., who has worked indefatigably for the building of the trans-Canada highway. He outlined the advantages to be obtained by Alberta members travelling elsewhere in Canada and in the United States by being affiliated with the national organization. Over August number saved $450 in actual fees and saved thousands of dollars in deposits and a considerable amount of time and worry when touring Europe through his membership card in the C.A.A.

President C. H. Grant, of the Edmonton automobile and Good Roads association, is provisional president of the new league, with A. B. Mackay, president of the Calgary Automobile association. Steps will be taken by the directorate to establish various districts of the league throughout the province and to initiate an active drive for membership during the next few months, each membership to run for twelve months from the date received.

Chevrolet News

Transportation of heavy supplies up steep mountain trails formally traversed by burros and llamas, to Bolivian mines located in the highest and most inaccessible inland ranges. The Spanish conquistadores, the Incas and the Indians wealth, made short work of reducing the native population to a condition of slavery and supervising the production of gold In later years silver and tin have been the most profitable metals produced in Bolivia, with operations seriously hallicapped by the inaccessibility of the mining sites.

Until a few years ago burros and llamas, carrying a maximum load of 100 pounds each and traveling only 20 miles daily, were relied upon to transport supplies to the sky-line operating centers and to carry down to sea board and railroads the refined bullion. Increasingly heavy even in small quantities. Improvements in mining practice were impossible until better distributing methods were available.

"Notwithstanding roads which were only rough trails covered with rocks, and the fact that an automobile motor ordinarily loses 30 to 35 per cent of its power when operating at the altitude and atmosphere of high altitudes, Chevrolet trucks have practically superseded the pack animals for the rapid haul of the Chevrolet type, carrying 2,000 pounds and covering 120 miles daily, have saved 67 per cent of the former cost and cuts transportation charges exactly in half.

Perhaps in no other locality in the world are automobiles subjected to such severe tests of their stamina and power as in the Andes range, where road building is of the most primitive type. Recognizing the necessity of good roads as being even greater than railroad transportation, the Bolivian government has embarked on an extensive road building campaign to further the use of automobiles.

Poppy Day Campaign

The following letter has been received by the principals of the various schools throughout the province:—

Dear Sir or Madam:—

The Provincial Executive Council of the Canadian Legion is, with the approval of the Hon. Perrin Baker, Minister of Education, holding throughout the whole Province an Essay Competition for all Schools, Colleges, etc. The following are the regulations governing the competition, and it is hoped that at least one essay will be forwarded by you. School address and Principal's name should be on each essay.

SUBJECT—Canada's part in the Great War.

LENGTH OF ESSAY—Minimum 300 words; maximum 500 words.

DIVISIONS—

1st Division—High Schools, 3rd and 4th years

2nd Division—High Schools, 1st and 2nd years.

3rd Division—Grade 8 and under.

PRIZES—

1st Division—	1st	$25.00
	2nd	15.00
	3rd	10.00
2nd Division—	1st	25.00
	2nd	15.00
	3rd	10.00
3rd Division—	1st	25.00
	2nd	15.00
	3rd	10.00

GENERAL REGULATIONS

The Principal of each school will forward to the Provincial Council at the above address, the best essay in any or each of the above Divisions, on or before October 31st. These will be finally judged by the Committee for Alberta comprising:

Lindley H. Bennett, Esq., Provincial School of Technology.

Father A. B. Macdonald, St. Mary's School, Calgary;

Mrs. Nellie L. McClung, Noted Author, Alberta, who will decide which are the best three essays in each Division.

The list of prize-winners will be published in the Press and also each winner will be notified through his or her Principal by letter as soon as possible after the conclusion of the Competition.

Yours faithfully,

ART WAKELYN

Provincial Secretary, Alberta Provincial Council, Canadian Legion of the B. E. S. L.

Receipts of livestock at the stockyards, Calgary, on Tuesday, were: 423 cattle, 93 calves, 3 hogs, and 197 sheep.

EVOLUTION

By J. S. BROADBENT

HAND HILLS

NOTE—As these articles proceed they are likely to be much more interesting.

BIOLOGY

Until comparatively recent times Biologists were divided into two sections known as Biogenesis, or spiritualists; and Abiogenesis, or materialists

Biogenesis is the theory that all animals must have had pre-existing living parents: Omne Vivum E Vivo (all life comes from life). Lord Kelvin put forward the theory that space swarms with atoms capable of producing life on the earth, or on other planets. Helmholt, the great German savant, states that the meteorites that frequently visit the earth may contain in their cool, interior cavities such germs.

On the other hand, Abiogenesis evolves a belief that at some period of the history of the universe there was a time and a process favorable to 'non-living matter being' transformed into living protoplasm. This is Spontaneous Generation advanced to account for the origin of Life; but it merely asserts that living matter arose from non-living, without explaining how; they further claim that this was due to natural causes, and not supernatural or miraculous interference. The one point upon which they both agree is, that however life came to be on the earth, it was at first infinitesmally small. The present attitude of science in regard to the theory may be described as a reverent scepticism, the agnostic view which does not deny spontaneous generation in some other or remote period of the world's history. J. Arthur Thomson, Aberdeen University, in his great book, "The Science of Life," states: "If it were the object of this book to give a statement of established facts of biology, our discussion of the origin of life might be condensed into a single sentence—we do not know anything in regard to the origin of life." As already explained, the earth was at first a heated mass, the heavier gases of which were enormously high and wherein there was not a drop of water, thus precluding the possibility of any existing life; and that after the earth cooled down by inorganic matter became living matter, or living matter was brought here from some other planet. One of the few great scientists who favored spontaneous generation was that wonderful scholar, Thomas Henry Huxley, in an address before the British Association for the advancement of science, he said: "Looking back through the prodigious vista of the past, I find no record of the commencement of life, and, therefore I am devoid of any means of forming a definite conclusion as to the conditions of its appearance. Belief, in a scientific sense, is a serious matter. It needs strong foundation. To say, therefore, in the admitted absence of evidence, that I have any belief as to the mode in which the existing forms of life originated, would be assuming words in a wrong sense. But expectation is permissible, where belief is not; and if it were given me to look beyond the abyss of geological record left to me, I do still more remote period when the earth was passing through physical and chemical conditions, which it can no more see again than a man can return to his infancy. Consequently I expect to be a witness of living substance from non-living matter I should expect to see it appear under forms of great simplicity," etc. Huxley did not expect to prove this theory — it was merely his "guess." St. Augustine was the first to put forward this theory; He said that the Genesis story of creation was a myth—that what the Almighty did was to make natural laws to guide everything in the heavens and on the earth, and having placed the minute animals on the earth He ordered them to multiply and to develop into every animal, including man, now extant. St. Augustine died in the year 400, A.D. St. Gregory (also of the 4th century) taught that God never interfered with Nature so long as it worked right under His laws.

(To be continued)

Crop Report

(Issued by Bank of Montreal)

October 8, 1926

PRAIRIE PROVINCES

There will be much tough and sprouted grain, but the extent of this will depend on future weather, as probably not more than 40 per cent. of the thrashing has been completed. In Quebec the quality of the grain crops, as a whole, has been affected adversely by heavy rains during the harvesting operations. In Ontario dry weather during the past week has enabled most farmers to complete their grain harvesting. In the Maritime Provinces weather conditions for completing the harvest have been favorable, and roots will be a good yield. In British Columbia the harvesting of all crops, except late apples and roots, is practically completed. Details follow:—

PRAIRIE PROVINCES

ALBERTA (WESTERN AREA)—Following a week of generally fine weather cutting has been finished. Threshing, while general, is less than 10 per cent. completed, grades averaging not better than "3 tough."

NORTHEASTERN AREA.—Threshing which has been more or less general during past week is 5 to 25 per cent. completed, grades averaging "3 tough."

SOUTHEASTERN AREA.—Threshing of small crop almost completed, grades averaging "2 straight."

SASKATCHEWAN (NORTHERN AREA)—Owing to unfavorable weather, threshing is proceeding slowly, but is now about 50 per cent. completed, wheat giving an average yield of about 17 bushels to the acre. There is very little No. 1 grade, the average grade being 3 or 4, with considerable percentage of tough wheat.

SOUTHERN AREA.—South Central and Southeastern districts have experienced much wet weather, and not much thrashing has prevailed, and the crop is about 75 per cent. threshed. Early threshed wheat has graded mostly 1 and 2, but most of the later returns will be tough and of lower grade.

MANITOBA.—Rain weather has continued, and little progress has been made. It is estimated that 30 to 40 per cent. in threshed. Grades have been materially lowered owing to sprouting.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

Oats are plentiful, but generally of fair quality only. In some districts they have been affected by rust or have had to be cut before being ripe. Corn is poor. The potato crop, which promises to be above the average, has been affected to some extent by rot; other root crops are good. Tobacco is about a full leaf, but of good quality. Grass pastures are holding out well.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

The oat crop has been badly damaged by wet weather, and will be 25 per cent. below average. Corn has been cut in general. The crop is good. Root crops are good with the exception of turnips, which are a failure. There is a fair potato rot in potatoes. Winter apples are scarce, but fall apples are good. Grapes are heavy, but are ripening slowly. Plums are plentiful and of good quality. Three quarters of the tobacco crop has been harvested. Its condition has been hit by frost and is of little value. Hops are a poor crop. Pastures are excellent.

MARITIME PROVINCES

In Nova Scotia potatoes are below average, but the potato crop is of excellent quality and average quantity. In Nova Scotia the apple crop will be of good quality, but below the 1925 record as average. In Prince Edward Island harvesting continues with all crops above the average.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

The potato crop is below average and string bean seed affected by the dry weather of the summer. There is a decrease in the estimated yield of apples, which is somewhat above the average. Pears have slightly affected onions, and considerably damaged winter crops. The hop crop is a good average. Pastures are in good condition.

Canadian Apples For Overseas Firesides

Canadian orchards are hung heavy with luscious red apples, symbols of Canada's unstinted bounty in the late summer days. The crop this autumn is the best in years and boxes and barrels of choice hand picked and hand packed fruit are procurable at reasonable prices from any grocer.

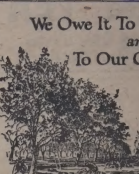
And could anything be more appropriate to carry your kind thoughts and good wishes to the fireside of your friends overseas, than Christmas, than a box of these ruddy cheerful looking apples. The matter of shipment is as simple as the mailing of a card.

The Canadian National Express will call for your apples, transport and deliver them, by quick service, to any station in Great Britain, Ireland and most European Countries.

The transportation charge from Montreal and Quebec up to November 15th or from Saint John and Halifax, thereafter, by direct steamer to points in Great Britain, Ireland and the Channel Islands is $3.00 per standard box and $6.00 per standard barrel, including refrigeration.

For rates to Canadian Ports, through rates to Continental stations and other particulars, consult any Canadian National Express Agent. 41a

We Owe It To Ourselves *and* To Our Customers



—to have banking relations only with people of good repute who are honest and prompt in their business obligations.

—to make a fair profit on the service we render to customers so that the bank can grow in strength and usefulness.

—to make loans with the utmost care and upon approved security to the end that the funds of the bank and its depositors will be safely and constructively employed.

It is to the interest of every depositor that we strictly observe these principles without which no bank can be strong and permanently helpful.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

Total Assets in excess of $750,000,000

Delia Branch: C. W. STANLEY Manager.

The Arkland Range

Size No. 9-20

with High Closet, Reservoir, Polished Top, White Enamel, and full Nickel.

Price, $98.00

This Range is Strongly Built, and will Bake Satisfactorily

F. ANDERSON

HARDWARE MERCHANT Phone 6

Announcement

THE FORD MOTOR CO. announce that they have no intention of changing the model or price of their cars for 1927.

BUY A CAR NOW!

and enjoy the comfort of a new car for your fall and winter driving.

Phone 28 WM. GIBSON DELIA Alta.

Authorized Ford Agent

Saturday Specials!

A Snap in Military Hair Brushes

On Saturday, October 16th, we will offer you a beautiful line of Military Hair Brushes, at $2.50 per pair. This is a real chance to get a real pair of Brushes.

China

Our windows are filled with the latest novelties in China—Tea Sets, Console Sets, Vases, Fern Pots, Flower Pots, Cups and Saucers, and many other pretty things. Come in and look them over.

Gramophones

Come in and listen to the Brunswick—a wonderful machine with a wonderful tone. Price, $155.00, on easy terms.

The Kennedy Drug Co.

DELIA, Alberta.

We sell and take orders for Plants and Cut Flowers.
We sell and take subscriptions for all Magazines and Papers

RED ROSE TEA
"is good tea"
Red Rose Orange Pekoe is extra good. Won't you try it this time?

The Evolution Of An Empire

The forthcoming Imperial Conference in London to be attended by members of the British Government and the Premiers of all the self-governing Dominions of the Empire is attracting more widespread interest than any of the preceding Conferences of a like character, with the possible exception of the one held during the war. Some writers and public men seem to think that notable changes in the relationships now existing between Great Britain and the Dominions will result but there is little ground on which to base such belief.

Since the secession of the American colonies and the American Revolutionary War of 150 years ago, the changing relationship between Great Britain and her overseas possessions has been one of evolution, not revolution. Great changes have taken place, it is true, but the process has been so gradual and all effected so peacefully, that they were hardly noticed at the time. Perhaps the most significant change of all took place when the overseas British Dominions became members of the League of Nations on terms of equality with the Motherland and other nations.

But this gradual development of a more autonomous and independent status has in no sense resulted in any weakening of the imperial tie nor in the solidarity of the Empire. The effect has rather been to add strength to the sentimental bonds and to the union embracing them all. The term "Empire" as applied to the British Empire is, in fact, a misnomer. Rather the phrase favored and so frequently used by His Majesty, King George V., more correctly describes what is commonly referred to as the British Empire, namely, the British Commonwealth of Free Nations.

There is nothing at all in common between the British Empire and the Roman, French, Russian, German and Austro-Hungarian Empires. The fact that these odd empires have passed away while the British Commonwealth of Free Nations continues united and stronger than ever only serves to emphasize the difference.

Evolutionary, not revolutionary, tendencies are still at work throughout the British connexion, and it is to be expected that the approaching Imperial Conference will assist in the further progress in regard to some matters. India is steadily moving forward along the path to increasing self-government, and Great Britain is not only willing but anxious to enlarge the powers of the people of India in order that they may become more capable of exercising those powers. The history of India will be largely a duplication of the evolution which has taken place in other parts of the Empire.

In Southern Africa the people appear to be entirely unconcerned about the flag, and there is a considerable body of opinion in favor of a distinctive national flag for South Africa other than the Union Jack. But those who are most insistent for such an emblem nevertheless disavow any desire for or intention of the exchange of the tie which binds them to Britain and the other British Dominions.

Canada is moving in the direction of appointing its own Minister to the United States with a view to having matters pertaining to Canada and the United States dealt with directly by the two countries concerned rather than through the intermediary of the British Ambassador and the Government in London. So, here again, there is not the slightest real suggestion of severing or even weakening one tiny strand of the tie binding Canada to the Empire.

Among people in all the Overseas Dominions the view is entertained by many that the present procedure of carrying appeals from the Supreme Courts of the Dominions to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in London might well be abandoned, and the overseas Courts made supreme in fact as well as in name, thus saving lengthy delays and huge expenses in obtaining final judicial decisions. But advocates of this change are amongst the most loyal of British subjects.

In the evolutionary process already referred to, one of the most significant changes has been in treaty making powers. Formerly, and not so many years ago, all treaties had to be negotiated and signed by the British Government, although they might have reference solely to one particular Dominion. Furthermore, all treaties made by Great Britain were binding on all the Dominions with or without their consent. Now, however, Canada makes trade treaties direct with foreign countries and they are signed in the name of the King by Canadian ministers. If Canada and the United States desire to make an agreement regarding fisheries, or some boundary matter, the two countries do so and the resultant treaty is signed by Canadian plenipotentiaries.

Furthermore, the British Government no longer makes treaties with foreign countries affecting the Dominions without first consulting them and such treaties are submitted to the Canadian Parliament for their approval and confirmation.

Kipling well describes present Empire relationships: "Daughter am I in my Mother's house, but mistress in my own." The British family is Solidarity, invisible, almost intangible, elastic to meet new needs and varying circumstances, changing times call for other changes, in customs, methods, procedures, but the family remains intact, sympathetic, co-operative, loyal and affectionate, working for a common aim, proud of each other's achievements, united by a common bond, and fiercely yielding attachment to one sovereign. Thus does the British Empire grow, prosper and triumph.

Hardware Clerk—Sir, I'd like to One trouble about knowing too much is that you have my salary raised. Boss—Well, much is that you waste a lot of value. don't worry. I've managed to raise it little time trying to explain things so every week so far, haven't I? that other can understand them.

Children Cry for
Fletcher's
CASTORIA
MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.
To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
Proven directions on each package. Physician everywhere recommend it.

A SURE RELIEF FOR WOMEN'S DISORDERS
10 DAYS' TREATMENT FREE
Orange Lily is a certain relief for all disorders of women. It is applied locally and is absorbed into the suffering tissue. The dead waste matter in the congested tissues is expelled during immediate treatment and during the Canada Day
DR. O. M. COGHLYN
ORANGE LILY
Vessels and nerves are toned and Female Weakness is relieved and rendered normal. As this treatment is local and entirely suggests principles, and acts on the actual location of the disease it cannot help but succeed. In all forms of Female Weakness including Displacement and painful menstruation Orange Lily is the remedy. Orange Lily Price $3.00 per box, which is sufficient for one month's treatment. A Free Trial Treatment, enough for 10 days, will be sent to any sufferer who writes for it. Don't delay, write today and we will send one by return mail.
Dr. O. M. Coghlyn & Co., Bond St. Windsor, Ont.
Inclose 3 stamps and address. Mrs. Lydia M. Smith, Bond St. Windsor, Ont.
Sold by Leading Druggists Everywhere.

New York To Paris By Air

All-American Non-Stop Flight Planned For Next Summer

An all-American non-stop New York-Paris flight early next summer—before either the French or Franco-American planes can get into the air—is proposed by the American Society for Promotion of Aviation!

Such a flight, it is asserted, would be "free from the discord" occasioned in the selection of an international crew for the recent Sikorsky plane attempt, in which two men lost their lives.

"There are enough American airmen interested to make such a flight to fill several ships," Thomas H. Hill, the president, told the society. "There are 20,000 men of flying training in this country. The selection, on an all-American basis should not be difficult."

The society admits more prospect of difficulty as to raising the $100,000 to $125,000 necessary to equip such an airplane as the huge Sikorsky with the backers facing the motelity possibility that their capital may go up in a flash or flame or sink to the depths of the Atlantic ocean. It is hoped to raise the money by enrolling the 20,000 flyers into the society at $5 a membership.

Reward Wheat Being Tested

Two Soon to Make Fair Rating of New Variety

Officials at the Experimental Farm at Ottawa announce that, despite repeated publicity, they are not at all sure about the value of the new wheat, Reward, a cross between Marquis and Garnet, "being generally," reads the announcement, "there is scarcely enough information available than that little one to more than express the opinion that in districts to which Reward may be suited reasonably good yields may be expected. It is entirely too soon, however, to rate this new variety fairly. All that can be said at present with any degree of safety is that this variety matures a few days earlier than Marquis and, as a rule, produces grain that weighs heavier per measured bushel. It may be fairly safely predicted also that Reward is not going to be quite such a valuable variety as is Marquis over most of Western Canada. There may be places, however, such as Rosthern, Manitoba, where Reward may find a place but this has yet to be proved.

"Observations to date would seem to indicate that Reward is somewhat less susceptible to those forms of weather injury which at present are most common in Western Canada, although it is not considered a sufficient improvement over Marquis to depend upon in districts where rust is liable to be serious. On the other hand, this variety appears to be very susceptible to a disease commonly known as 'Basal glume rot.' The variety, in its present state, is not good but contains a considerable variety of types.

The cause with which corns and warts can be removed by Holloway's Corn Remover, a vermifugal reconmending. It seldom fails.

Plan South Pole Flight

Expedition Will be Backed Financially by Argentine Government

Under the auspices of the Argentine Geographical Institute and backed financially by the Argentine Government, an expedition is being organized to explore the Antarctic and South Polar regions.

Antonio Pauly, prominent engineer, will head the party.

When the weather permits, a flight to the South Pole will be attempted so as to explore 1,750 miles of unknown territory.

An attempt also will be made to find documents and other things left by the ill-fated Captain Robt. F. Scott, the British explorer, who perished with four members of his party while returning from the pole in 1912.

Giant Plane Tried Out

Germany Marking Series of Test Flights With Super Machine

A new Junkers decked superplane with a surface measurement of 900 square yards is being tried out in Germany in a series of test flights.

The body of this giant plane is nine feet ten inches wide and contains two pilots' cabins with a cabin spacious enough for 20 beds as well as for heavy baggage. Adjoining there is a special freight compartment for the shipment of express and freight, the absence of which hitherto has been found a vital shortcoming in international air service.

Another innovation is an auxiliary engine room with a separate motor for lighting, for the mechanical lifting of tanks, winches and other services.

Rates As Prohibitive

Canadian cattle exporters are not the only objectors to Atlantic shipping rates. The Scottish Farmer says: "Atlantic rates are almost prohibitive for Clydesdale studies. You can't ship a £50 filly at a £17 rate. No general trade is possible at present North Atlantic transport rates."

Another Zeppelin Ready

Another Zeppelin, the Z127, is almost ready for the Spanish-Argentine service. It is of 105,000 cubic metres volume, 235 metres long, 31 broad, is able to carry fifteen tons, and is driven by seven motors of 1,940 horse power.

For all pains—Minard's Liniment.

Studying Hard? Boys and Girls need SCOTT'S EMULSION

Turkey Erects First Statue

With Its Unveiling All Koranic Laws Pass Into Oblivion

Mohammedan tradition prohibiting representations of the human form has been broken with unveiling of a statue of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, President of Turkey, and one of the outstanding figures in Near East politics.

This is the first statue ever erected in Turkey. It represents the President in Dolmond dinner jacket, bare headed and with arms akimbo.

The breaking of Koranic tradition against statues of men and women preceded the going into effect of Turkey's new civic code adopted by the National Assembly at Angora last year. With this code all Koranic laws passed into oblivion.

Home Not Complete Without Nerviline

When your stomach is badly upset, when you are bilious, dizzy and suffering from nausea, the quickest relief will come from 20 drops of Nerviline. Take it in sweetened water and you get relief almost instantly. Nerviline has been used for nearly half a century by Canadian families. It is without question the most famous, because of its usefulness in so many small ills that are constantly arising. Sold everywhere in 25 cent bottles.

Germany First Skyscraper

Germany's first skyscraper, a fifth on American lines is being erected at Aachen (Aix la Chapelle). It will be 300 feet high and will contain 22 storeys.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

Can be Quickly Banished With Baby's Own Tablets

The illnesses of babies are many but nine-tenths of them are due to one cause—Stomach Trouble. Prescribed according to the stomach and bowels. To quickly banish any of the minor ailments of babyhood and childhood the baby's stomach must be made regular and the stomach must be sweetened.

No other medicine for little ones has had such success as has Baby's Own Tablets. They banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; correct diarrhoea and sour stomach and promote healthful sleep by regulating the functioning of the stomach and bowels. Concerning them Mrs. L. W. Boisvert, Victoriaville, Que., writes: "I can say Baby's Own Tablets are simply excellent for childhood ailments."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cts. a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Frozen milk in huge blocks is being shipped from Seattle to China and Straits Settlements. The milk is said to be fresh when thawed out upon arrival.

Goodbye Asthma. Persons suffering from that extremely tragic trouble known as Asthma, know what it is along with all their hearts for escape from it. However, never do they know when an attack may come and they live in a state of constant dread. But With Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy at hand, however, they can laugh at the tragedy and enjoy life again. It helps at once.

Wouldn't Stand For It

During an election in England a candidate for parliamentary honors was addressing a meeting of Yorkshire men when he was interrupted by a man who asked him how many children goin' t'school till they be sixteen?" "Certainly I am," said the speaker, "I am one myself." Emphatic answer. "I'm noone goin' to wee my lad coomin' wheean fro' school an' ask me for money for a shave."

THIS MOTHER GLAD DAUGHTER IS WELL

Mrs. Parks Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Daughter's Health

Toronto, Ontario.—"My daughter is 18 now and has been in poor health since she was six months old. She was then constipated and out of school the greater part of the time. We have tried different kinds of medicine, but none helped her. Finally we took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when I was run-down, and it has helped me so much that I thought it might help her at times. She has gained ever since she began taking it. She attends school every day now and goes skating, and does other out-of-door sports. I recommend this medicine to any one who is run-down and nervous and weak."—Mrs. PARKS, 106 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a dependable medicine for young women's troubles.

For sale by druggists everywhere. G

W. N. U. 1690

Says Canada Needs Publicity

Money Should be Spent to Advertise Resources, Opinion of British Capitalist

Sir Alfred Mond, British capitalist and internationalist, who has invested heavily in Canada, brings up a challenging message when he states that Canada's greatest need abroad is publicity. He tells of leading and supposedly well-informed British financiers who do not even know some of our greatest mines as names.

Our mineral revenues are growing each year but are still a small part of our total annual production. Dairying alone produces much more than all our mines. To bring the yearly mineral production to two, three or four times the present figures will require the investment of millions, yes, a billion dollars is needed. This money we have not at home for investment, we must get it from abroad. If Britain and Europe have the money to invest, we want to offer them the opportunity. But it must be offered and taken up if it to them.

Money may well be invested by the province in making our mineral resources known.—Financial Post.

Salvaging Of Allied and Turkish Ships

French Allege Under-Sea Tombs Have Been Despoiled

The salvaging of allied and Turkish ships sunk during the Great War has been left with the raising of the French ship Mansa.

The Italian Salvaging Company, at first in charge of the undertaking, have agreed to share the profits of the undertaking on a fifty-fifty basis owing to the position that any further sums found to be sufficiently good condition to be repaired and used will become the sole property of the Turkish Government.

A French opinion here is indignant over what it terms Turkish despoiling of French graves in the Black Sea. The raising of the Mouvé, in which 600 French sailors and officers were down to death in the Black Sea in the early days, has provoked some bitterness on the part of the French.

The Mouvé, a battleship and the raising of the English ships sunk in the Dardanelles, of which one of the most notable was the Irresistible, has not made itself felt here.

Makes Coffee Truly Delicious

A Rich, Golden, Appetizing Cup of Coffee is Appreciated

Much coffee is spoiled in the making, but it is safe to say more is spoiled in the serving. This is because comparatively few people know the art of serving, perhaps, that its daily use is rather a luxury. Of course, one can buy the best coffee that comes in the top milk, but even that is not calculated to give one the rich, golden, appetizing cup of coffee that makes that beverage truly a nectar. More and more housewives are serving Eagle Brand Condensed Milk with coffee, and the reason that it is economical and because it escapes a beautiful flavor, being so rich and creamy. There is the further advantage that it saves sugar, for condensed milk contains sugar and the milk and sugar are so perfectly blended that the proportions are absolutely right. Usually, the condensed milk is placed right in the coffee, being served from the can, which, if desirable, may be set in a marmalade jar.

Western Grain For Royal Winter Fair

Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture Offers Prize for Sweepstakes

Mr. M. P. Tullis, Crops Commissioner for Saskatchewan, is arranging with grain growers of the province for exhibits at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, and the International at Chicago. It is expected that two, who have previously won champion-ships, will push competes. However, there are several new names on the list with excellent samples. The Department of Agriculture will pay transportation charges from Regina to Chicago or Toronto and return, and will look after the exhibits without trouble to the grower. The Department will also award $150 to any Saskatchewan exhibitor winning a sweepstakes, and $50 for first prize, while the Canadian Pacific Railway 'Company offers $100 to the Canadian obtaining the highest placing in hard wheat.

Woman Flies Over Mont Blanc

Wife of Lieutenant First One to Make Trip

Lieut. Thorret, who makes aerial trips daily over Mont Blanc, carrying dropping goods and food attached to parachutes near the observatory on the summit, took as a passenger his young wife, who was the first woman to fly over Mont Blanc. Thorret prolonged the night two hours above the principal peaks of the range at the request of his wife, who was delighted with the trip. She said on her return: "It was like an aerial honeymoon."

Food Canned Six Years

Food canned six years ago was opened recently by a Dutch physician, Van Leersum, and found to be still fit for human consumption. It was meat hash including onions and potatoes. The essential thing in canning, according to Dr. Van Leersum, is to be sure that all air is exhausted from the can before sealing.

Minard's Liniment for chapped hands.

Zam-Buk
FOR ALL SKIN TROUBLES
Always Ready To Soothe & Heal

Sparsely Settled Area

Few White People on West Coast of Hudson's Bay

Explored by white men three hundred years ago, and for many years a centre of Canada's oldest industry, the west coast of Hudson's Bay today remains one of the most sparsely settled regions of the Dominion. Its entire white population would not crowd a street car.

Scattered along hundreds of miles of barren there are the posts of mounted police and fur traders. Mission-aries make their homes amid the trees, less tracts and journey hundreds of miles each year to reach scattered Indian and Eskimo settlements. One or two white trappers, a single government official, and less than a half dozen white women live there. The entire white population numbers 45.

Sleep is the great nourisher of infants, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant is troubled with worms. Miller's Worm Powders will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and afterwards the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders never injure the most delicate baby, and there is nothing so effective for restoring the health of a worm-racked infant.

Ancient Town in Germany

In Germany there has been discovered in the Rhine valley a town called Upper Swabia a town that was fortified and inhabited in 1,000 B.C. The Roman Empire was then in its infancy, 20,000 trunks having been found. Other evidences of civilization also were found.

Change your opinions once in a while if you would improve them.

Men are contrary, but women are merely true in their contrariness.

Blames Radio For Hurricane

Atmospheric Tension Said to Cause Excitement in Cloud Masses

The fast multiplying activities of radio broadcasting stations were directly responsible for both the Florida and Vera Cruz hurricanes, according to Joaquin Gallo director of Tacubaya observatory.

Gallo's theory, is that the constant emission of short wave length electrical charges into the ether by the activity of the thousands of radio stations built up an atmospheric tension, excited the cloud masses and put them into a condition to precipitate immense quantities of water, accompanied by severe wind and electrical storms.

The director is now engaged in experiments with a view to backing up his theory with convincing scientific data on the subject.

Less Liquor Running

Grand Forks Official Says Very Little Liquor Now Crosses Boundary

That belief that liquor running across the Canadian border into North Dakota and Minnesota is decidedly on the wane was voiced by O. S. Holton, director of the Grand Forks Immigration district, upon his return from an inspection trip along the Canadian-Minnesota border.

Mr. Holton declared that there have been few arrests that liquor runners recently and that there has been little evidence that Canadian liquor was being shipped across the line in any quantity. The border force, he declared was working efficiently to curb smuggling of all kinds.

Every singer in a quartet can point out three good reasons why the organization isn't absolutely perfect.

For Headache
BAYER
ASPIRIN
Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for
Headache Colds Neuralgia Lumbago
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism
DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART
Safe
Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets and bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetylsalicylic Acid). By the Action of the Word "Bayer" it is indicated that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Name of Bayer Company will be stamped with their patent trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Hudson's Bay Company
INCORPORATED MAY 1670
THREE MILLION ACRES
MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA
FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
GRAZING LANDS ON LEASE
WOOD AND HAY PERMITS GRANTED
OIL AND GAS PERMITS
Apply for particulars and inspection facilities to
HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY, Land Department, Winnipeg, Edmonton, or Local Sales Solicitor

Bars Dampness And Wind Indefinitely
Most building papers soon lose their insulating powers. As the felted fibres become disintegrated, moisture laden air comes through the walls and chills the building.
Hercules Sheathing remedies this condition—Reinforced by 40 cc. cellulose insulating felt. It offers permanent resistance to wind and dampness. It is used in floorings as well as walls and effects real economy in heating.
Appleford COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY LIMITED
HAMILTON, CANADA
WESTERN AGENCIES
Pacific Coast Paper Co. Western Waxed Paper Co.
320 Burke St. Vancouver 340 Mathewson Ave. Winnipeg
Hunter Martin & Co. Regina

Canadian Parliament Expected To Assemble On Tuesday, December 7

Ottawa.—Premier King and Hon. Ernest Lapointe, official delegates of Canada to the Imperial Conference, left late tonight for London. They are accompanied by a corps of secretaries and department officials acting in the capacity of technical advisers.

The leaving of the Prime Minister was preceded by a lengthy cabinet council at which a number of things were done. Colonel J. L. Ralston, D.S.O., was made minister of national defence and forthwith went to Halifax Hall to be sworn in; it was agreed that Parliament should be called for Tuesday, December 7; T. A. Burrows, ex-M.P. for Dauphin, was appointed lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba in succession to Sir James Aikins, whose term has expired, and Senator Wilfred Laurier McDonald was re-appointed chairman of the Montreal Harbor Board, which position he resigned on appointment to the Senate. Now he returns to it without salary, because being a senator he cannot have another source of emolument under the Crown. As a matter of fact he doesn't need it. The vacant position of lieutenant-Governor of Ontario has not been filled but it is known that it has been decided to fill it with Hon. Mr. Ioch, Chief Justice of Ontario and political god-father of Mr. Mackenzie King. Mr. Hanna has first refused official action has not been taken.

While Mr. King is away, the ministerial functions are to be brought up and arrangements made for the parliamentary session. To Canadian party in London will be back by the time Parliament assembles.

Grape Growing in Alberta

Lethbridge.—Alta.—Excellent grapes on the prairies is no longer an experiment.

In the Raymond, Alta., district at least two test plots have produced delicious concord grapes for several years and the Lethbridge district, south of the city, has gathered from the vines 17 large baskets of fruit.

Next summer another plot will be set out. The grapes were originally brought from South Dakota.

To Prevent Railway Accidents

Vancouver.—Joseph W. Saunders, an Vancouver inventor, announced he had received $300,000 as an initial payment for the Canadian rights to a device through which he believed it would be possible to eliminate 99 per cent of all railway accidents, from a syndicate which proposed to erect a plant here at a cost of $1,000,000 for manufacture of the invention.

Modern Youth Not So Bad

Brandon.—A defence of modern youth featured an address here tonight by Dr. Fred H. Freeman, professor of education, University of Chicago. Dr. Freeman told the delegates to the annual meeting of the Western Canada Teachers' Association, that the United States children's bureau had recently gathered facts to show that "only two less crime among young people now than ten years ago."

Hopes To Set Record

London.—Lady Hoare, wife of Sir Samuel Hoare, air minister in the British cabinet, hopes next spring to set up a long distance airplane record for women.

She will accompany her husband on a flight from London to India, via Egypt, a distance of 4,750 miles. The flight will inaugurate a regular passenger service, which will at first extend from Cairo to Karachi, India.

Coal Strike Affects Brazil

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—The British coal strike is crippling Brazil's transportation facilities, the government having cut down train service in order to conserve its remaining coal supply. The shortage in coal is due to the fact that many steamers have discontinued the South American trade in order to handle the more lucrative transport of coal from the United States to Europe.

Cobham Narrowly Escapes Injury

Hinckley, Eng.—Sir Alan Cobham, noted British aviator, who was recently knighted after his triumphant flight from England to Australia, and return, narrowly escaped death in his tiny plane. The aviator was making a forced landing when he hedgehopped to avoid electric wires carrying 6,000 volts of electricity.

French Soldiers Attacked

Metzeral, Germany.—Another incident between the French troops of occupation and the German people has occurred when two French non-commissioned officers were attacked by an unidentified cyclist, who first threw a bomb, striking one of the men slightly. No explanation of the attack is given by the French account.

Will Honor Willingdon

Kingston, Ont.—It has been officially announced from Queen's University that Viscount Willingdon, Canada's new Governor-General, will attend the convocation to be held at the University on Friday, November 12 and will receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the hands of the University.

W. N. U. 1650

Will Resume Customs Probe

First Sittings Will be Held on October 29

Ottawa.—Resumption of the enlarged Royal Commission investigating the customs department will be resumed Monday, October 29.

This was announced by W. D. Euler, Minister of Customs. While the minister gave no indication of when the commission would sit first, information received here is that it probably will meet in Toronto. The Toronto sitting, it is expected, will be followed by others at border points in Ontario, and then the commission will likely go west.

Joined Socialist Strikers

Father Tries to Compel Dismissal of Son From Factory

Vienna.—A labor dispute attained an unusual extreme in Vienna when the father of a young carver-gilt, Felzmann and Rektorik, struck with the remaining 150 Socialist workmen at the local Thonet wooden factory to force the management to discharge his son, who is the only employee belonging to the group of Socialist Youths.

The management refused the workers' demands, but notified the strike by giving the younger Rekborik work outside the factory.

Lady Stanley Dead

Wife Of Famous African Explorer Was Seventy-One

London.—Lady Stanley, widow of Sir Henry M. Stanley, African explorer Henry M. Stanley, died at the age of 71.

Lady Stanley was a noted beauty and was fallied in artistic and literary circles. She was an accomplished linguist.

Although Lady Stanley married Dr. Henry Curtis, a famous surgeon, in the seven years after her first mate died, Stanley, she continued to be known generally as Lady Stanley.

Discuss Liquor Problems

Victoria.—Conferences between the liquor law administrators of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba were held here with R. D. Waugh, of Manitoba, presiding. The conferences include exhibits explaining they had under consideration problems of liquor administration which have become common to all the provinces since they adopted the government control system. Their sessions are private and deal only with liquor administrative methods.

Cure for Cancer Found

There are rumors, though, of possible discovery by local Conservatives of a cure for cancer. Symptoms, it is to be more numerous in 1927. This is caused, he said, "by the increasing spots on the sun."

Awarded Gold Medal

Toronto.—Miss Brooks, Vancouver, B.C., artist-naturalist, has been awarded a gold medal by the Canadian Society of Applied Arts for work in the Wallace-Havelock Robb collection of bird-paintings shown in the natural history section of the exhibition.

Not Coming To Canada

Paris.—Princess Beatrice has decided not to accompany her sister Queen Marie, of Rumania on the latter's visit to Canada and the United States. The reason for her change of mind has not been made public.

Krassin Returns As Envoy For Soviets

Seeks British Gold For Rehabilitation Of Russian Industry

London.—The return of Leonid Krassin to London as soviet envoy is thought to mean the beginning of a new phase of Anglo-Russian relations. M. Krassin, as he substitutes a general interview with the British press, comes seeking money for the rehabilitation of Russian industry, and as he is a keen business man he realizes he cannot be obtained unless serious arrangements for the repayment not only of the new, but the old debts are made immediately.

His return is due to the culmination of a long series of secret negotiations with persons who, while not directly representing the conservative British Government, are in close touch with it. The new conservative government is very anxious to resume friendly relations with Russia for the sake of the Russian market, which is afraid, must go to Germany if the resumption of relations with England is long delayed. However, Prime Minister Baldwin still insists on a settlement in principle, at any rate, of the old debts. It is believed Russia is now willing to do this if not called on to pay too much and too soon.

The British also are disposed to insist on some guarantee that Russia will cease to interfere in the domestic affairs of Great Britain, and is willing to give a practical pledge to Russia. This means Russia must propaganda to cease financing labor troubles in England.

PROBABLY NO OPPOSITION TO KING MINISTERS

Ottawa.—Conservative political observers expressed the opinion that there will probably be no opposition by their party to the re-election at any of the Liberal ministers at the coming by-elections on November 15, made necessary by the formation of the King cabinet.

While no official announcement has been made, it is intimated, however, that the final decision is a matter to be dealt with by the Conservative executive in the various ridings affected.

The belief that Liberal ministers will be returned without opposition insofar as Conservative headquarters here are concerned, is partly based upon an official statement issued recently from former Premier Meighen's office that the presence of Premier W. L. Mackenzie King at the Imperial conference will be facilitated as far as possible.

Advisory advice has been received from Regina that Conservatives there will offer no opposition to the re-election of C. A. Dunning, Minister of Railways and Canals.

The Smuggling Investigation

N. W. ROWELL, K.C.

Hon. N. W. Rowell, counsel for the Government, who will be associated with Mr. Calder of Montreal, in connection with the investigation of the smuggling charges.

Steamship Lines Feel German Competition

Liners Being Taken Off New York To Hamburg Run

Montreal.—Competition from German steamship lines operating to New York from Hamburg is said to be responsible for the projected withdrawal in the near future of several British companies from that run. The White Star line, which operates the Arabic on a five weeks schedule to Halifax and New York, return being made direct to Hamburg, took this step on the night before departure from Hamburg October 2. The liner will be employed on the Antwerp, Bologne, Southampton, Halifax, New York service, her sailing from New York October 30 being direct to Antwerp not to Bologne. Sailings will be out of the Belgian port.

The S.S. Andania of the Cunard Line has been on the Hamburg, Southampton, Cherbourg, Halifax and New York service, but it is expected she will be taken off on completion of her schedule with calls for a sailing on October 26 and another on December 1 to Halifax and New York.

No change is being made in the Canadian Pacific sailings to Hamburg.

Old Manuscripts Found

Unknown Poems Of Persian Poet Discovered In India

London.—The discovery of previously unknown poems by Omar Khayyam is reported in a despatch to The Daily Express from Karachi, British India. The correspondent says workmen in digging for a foundation for a building at Sehwan, in the Province of Sindh, unearthed a brass case containing manuscripts of many hitherto unknown quatrains written by Omar during his wanderings in Sindh.

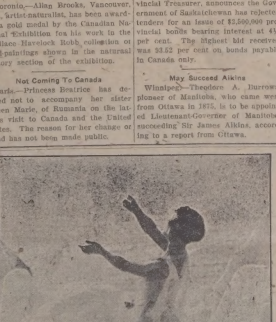
Omar, a Persian poet and astronomer, died in the first quarter of the twelfth century.

Bond Tenders Rejected

Regina.—Hon. W. J. Patterson, Provincial Treasurer, announces the Government of Saskatchewan has rejected tenders for the sale of $500,000 provincial bonds bearing interest at 4½ per cent. The highest bid received was 94.37 per cent on bonds payable in Canada only.

May Succeed Aikins

Winnipeg.—Theodore A. Burrows, pioneer of Manitoba, who came west from Ontario in 1871, is to be appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, succeeding Sir James Aikins, according to a report from Ottawa.



Indian Summer in Canadian Rockies

Miss Gladys Boiles of Portland, Oregon.—a Deniahwan pupil—poses on the Victoria Glacier, five miles from the Chateau Lake Louise.

Miss Boiles plans to bring a class of pupils for instruction in aesthetic dancing to the Chateau Lake Louise next summer.

May Visit West

Sir Alan Cobham is Planning Transcanada Flight

London.—Sir Alan Cobham, upon whom the honor of knighthood was conferred a few days ago in recognition of the famous aviator's series of world-renowned flights, will visit Western Canada some time in the near future. It is stated in reliable quarters here. Cobham is planning a trans-Canada survey flight in which he will visit many points in the Dominion. No definite date has yet been set for this projected trip, but it is said to be one of the flights he entertained by the British ace for the near future.

The Daily Express today said that Cobham was contemplating a transAtlantic plane flight and that it would likely follow a lecture tour through out North America. Plans for this flight have been under consideration for some time, they have stated.

Sir Alan Cobham but recently returned to London from a round trip to Australia, in which he proved conclusively the practicability of long distance flying if experienced aviators and worthy planes are employed.

Will Discuss Cable Dispute

But Canada Will Refuse to Have Matter Aired at Imperial Conference

London.—Cable dispatches from the following staff despatch from Ottawa:

"Canada's co-partnership in the Pacific cable will be discussed by Canada's equal status within the Empire, is to be very definitely enunciated in London by the Canadian delegates.

"The Dominion, it is understood, will steadfastly refuse to have the Pacific cable dispute aired in the imperial Conference, holding that it affects only the four parties to the agreement, Australia, New Zealand, Canada and New Zealand. The British authorities while yielding this point will take advantage of the presence of the premiers and ministers to seek a settlement of the matter.

Crowned Cauliflower King

Manitoba Gardener Captures Prize At Show Held in Cleveland

Ottawa.—At the American Vegetable Growers' Association's annual show, held at Cleveland, Ohio, Klaas De Jong, a market gardener of East Kildonan, Man., six miles north of Winnipeg, was crowned cauliflower king of North America.

This is revealed with entries from 11 states, Mr. De Jong carried off the championship prize for the 13 head of cauliflower he had entered, because of their superiority in size, weight, uniformity of shape and general appearance. Each of the dozen cauliflowers measured 14 inches in diameter.

LORD BYNG IS INTERVIEWED ON REACHING HOME

Southampton.—Lord and Lady Byng arrived at Southampton on board the Empress of France, which was gaily decorated with bunting. The former governor-general of Canada was met by Lady Byng were officially welcomed by the mayor and sheriff, and then his lordship received a large group of newspapermen.

One of the first enquiries put to Lord Byng by the press representatives was with regard to his constitutional power as Governor-General, during the Canadian political crisis in connection with the political situation at Ottawa.

"I think we had better leave that alone," said Lord Byng with a laugh. "Everything turned out very satisfactorily. If the question is put at all again it will be at the imperial conference, but at the present moment there is nothing one can say about it. As I say, it all worked out very well."

Asked about the recent Dominion general election Lord Byng expressed the opinion that the result of the election was mainly due to the popularity of the Right Honorable Mr. Baldwin's taxation, and to three good harvests.

Lord Byng spoke with enthusiasm of the prospects which Canada opened to British people who were prepared to work hard there.

Some of the newspapermen asked Lord Byng about the national status of Canada and the possibility of the fusion of the Dominion with the United States.

"There are extremists in every part —imperial extremists and Canadian autonomy extremists," His Lordship replied.

"Is the union of Canada with the United States possible?" was another question asked of His Lordship.

"A spade is a spade," was the correct reply replied Lord Byng, who throughout the interview stood on almost incessant catechism with characteristic patience and good humor. "You need not worry about Canadian extremists on this side of the ocean," he added.

Touching on his relations with the politicians at Ottawa, Lord Byng said: "I have been Governor-General when Conservative and Liberal ministers have been at the head of affairs, and my relations never have been anything but of an extremely friendly nature with everybody."

Half-a-Million Chinese Are Facing Death In Besieged City of Wuchang

Wheat Pool Payment

Final Payment On 1925 Wheat To Be Made Soon

Winnipeg.—Several millions of dollars will be distributed among the farmers of Western Canada, members of the Wheat Pool, shortly.

The final payment on 1925 wheat delivered by members of the pools in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, probably will be announced early this week. A. J. MacPhail, president of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool and vice-president of the Co-operative Selling Agency, will announce the date when Mr. Hardin, office manager, has information secured at the Manitoba Pool offices.

Mr. MacPhail is the chief official now in Canada, the others being in or on route to Australia. The Canadian Pool had already made three payments totalling $1.40, while many farmers are now enjoying the initial payment of 70c on the 1926 crop. Deliveries of the 1926 crop, however, are far behind last year's, owing to the early frost. The total deliveries in Western Canada so far this year are about 40,000,000 bushels. Very little more will be received from Alberta, but Saskatchewan has contributed 25,000,000 bushels, and Manitoba about 15,000,000.

Want Alberta Coal

Premier Ferguson of Ontario is Doing What He Can to Secure Same

Toronto.—Commenting on the prospects for bringing Alberta coal to Ontario, Premier Ferguson, of Ontario, said: "We have co-operated in the past with Liberal governments at Ottawa, with Farmer governments in Alberta and with a Liberal trade commissioner there and we have gone as far as we can. If there is an explanation for failure to obtain supplies from the West this year you will have to look to Ottawa for it.

"We cannot go up there and bring the coal to Toronto ourselves."

Premier Ferguson left for Toronto today wired Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior; Premier J. E. Brownlee in Alberta, and Premier, president of the Edmonton Board of Trade, stating that the city wanted coal before the winter and asking them what they could do to get a supply shipped here.

Making Use Of Radio

Talks on "Opportunities Overseas" Will be Broadcasted in London

London.—Arrangements have been made between the British Broadcasting Company and the High-Commissioners for the Overseas Dominions for the broadcasting of a series of talks on "Opportunities Overseas."

They will be written in the form of letters by prominent landowners, who have succeeded in the work taken up in the Dominions, and from them will be forwarded to London, where they will be broadcasted by BLO by a representative of the Dominion concerned.

Bankers Want Protection

Toronto.—Following the daylight bank robbery here this week when more than $6,100 was stolen by three men, two of whom entered a bank and held up the staff, the board of police commissioners today passed a resolution stating their opinion that the Canadian Bankers' Association should consider the immediate adoption of further protective devices, such as bullet-proof glass and tear gas installments.

Will Carry Out Pact

Montreal.—Canada's Liberal government intends to carry out the terms of the 1925 trade agreement made with the British West Indies and ratified at the last session of Parliament, Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance, declared at a banquet tendered by Liberals of St. Lawrence-St. George here.

Hankow.—Penned up more than a month by the Red Cantonese armies besieging the city, 500,000 Chinese people face death by starvation, cold and gunfire in Wuchang. Large numbers have died in the streets. Those remaining have eaten dogs, cats and rats and are dropping in public places as dying miserably in shelters into which they have crawled.

The Northern troops of Marshal Wu Pei Fu, garrisoning the city, having been refused terms of surrender, are holding on desperately, hoping for armies of their ally, Sun Chuan Fang, to break through the Cantonese cordon.

Meanwhile the relentless and well-fed Cantonese outside the wall rest patiently on their arms, having blockaded all exits from the city and know that in time they shall starve. What will happen then is not known. A vestige of mercy has been shown. Foreigners in Wuchang, wives and children of the impoverished classes have been permitted to pass through the gate to the river, seeking passage across to Hankow. Thirty-eight thousand have been rescued by boats bearing the emblem Hankow to be cared for.

Scenes of horror are witnessed each trip of the boats. Scarcely do they, for places on the boats several hundreds, have been trampled to death as the maddened hordes attacked for escape. Many, thrown into the river, are drowned.

Nearly a few miles away are the troops of Sun Chuan-Fang, ruler of the five provinces of Eastern China, try-ing to force their way into the city to oppose their march to the relief of besieged Wuchang. Seemingly relief must come to the Wuchang defenders within a few days.

Will Honor War Dead

Two Wreaths Being Sent Overseas By St. John's Ambulance Brigade

Montreal.—Tribute from Canada to those who gave their lives in Empire who gave their lives in the great war will be paid by the St. John Ambulance Brigade overseas in the laying at the cenotaph in London and on the tomb of the unknown warrior who lies in Westminster Abbey of two wreaths of maple leaves and sprigs of spruce and pine. These have been made by the St. John Ambulance Brigade overseas nursing division No. 18, the Montreal unit of the organization, and are now ready for shipment to the Canada Gate, the order's headquarters in London.

The wreaths will be deposited on Armistice Day, by Miss Agnes Neuland, superintendent in chief for all brigades overseas, on behalf of the women of the order, after Major General Sir Charles Gordon Charter, chief commissioner for the St. John Ambulance Brigade overseas for the men members.

America's Best Customer

Washington.—The United Kingdom was the largest importer of United States products among American countries during the fiscal year, goods valued at $73,496,969, as compared with $63,983,566 in August last year. Exports to Japan, second from our Britain declined from $32,286,176 to $27,246,578 during the period.

Heat Wave Strikes France

Paris.—France is sweltering under an unseasonable heat wave which reached 90 degrees in the capital. The situation is aggravated by the fact that there has been no rain for three months and most of the fruit, chestnut, apple and pear trees and lilacs are in bloom for the second time this year.

Designs For New German Flag

Berlin.—More than 1,000 designs for a new German flag are understood to have been submitted to the government. The flag question has been troubling since an argument broke between supporters of the old imperial flag and that of the republic.

Striking British Miners Have Rejected Terms Offered By Government

London.—The delegate conference of the Miners' Federation by an overwhelming majority, rejected the Government's offer to create a national reorganization for the settlement of the differences between the miners and mine owners, and by an equally large majority voted in favor of the withdrawal of the safety men from the mines.

The Trade Union Congress, which has been in charge of the negotiations on behalf of the miners, has declared that it will support the miners in their struggle.

The Government passes out of the dispute, temporarily at least and the owners and the men are left to thrash out the struggle between themselves.

The delegate conference adopted a resolution rejecting the Government's proposals for a settlement of the strike after the announcement on a division vote, which opposed the proposals, 737,000 to 42,000.

The South Wales resolution to withdraw the safety men was adopted by the delegates 554,000 to 194,000.

The Government had already made it plain that unless its offer was accepted by the miners, it would be withdrawn immediately. The principal feature of the offer was governmental assurance that if the miners returned to work they would be accorded governmental assistance in obtaining a nation-wide agreement, which is one of the important demands of the miners.

The decision of the miners was taken in the face of practical exhaustion of their resources. In addition, their position is daily becoming weaker by a slow drift of the miners back to work. Withdrawal of the safety men, if put into effect, as considered likely to cause serious trouble not only to the mines, but between the strikers and those desiring to return to their labors.

Strange Insurance Policies

Lloyd's Appear to be Ready to Issue Insurance Policies Against Any Untoward Happening

Whenever one looms on the horizon, Lloyd's is ready to issue insurance policies that hostilities will begin within a certain time.

Whenever a king or some other personage lies on the threshold of death, Lloyds will issue insurance at exaggerate premiums, of course—that he will die before the week is out or within whatever time limit. The policy holder stipulates.

Lloyd's always is willing to insure persons that earthquakes, marine disasters or other catastrophies will not take place within a given time.

It is natural that under these circumstances Lloyd's, suffers enormous losses on a large percentage of these policies. But on the other hand, its income from the same source, and particularly from the smaller policies concerning affairs of importance to only a few, is even larger, with only now and then a bad year for the underwriters.

In the weeks before King Edward died there was a good deal of speculation as to how much longer he would live. When his condition was first reported as serious, Lloyd's issued policies at 30 per cent, that he would die within six days, and at 40 per cent that he would die within fourteen days. But King Edward lived through the two weeks, and Lloyd's lost heavily.

The trial of Harry Thaw, in New York, for the murder of Stanford White, in 1907, was another occasion for a good deal of betting. Lloyd's underwriters would not take Thaw's money but he executed and they issued policies for huge sums at heavy odds to Jacob to his opinion. Thaw is liberal and Lloyd's underwriters still remember the golden harvest they reaped on that occasion.

A British poet took out a policy of £10,000 against his niece's alignment within eleven months. He paid £1,000 for the premium. The poet died without the young girl's eloping, but the nobleman breathed easier, despite the money he had lost because the niece had not made an undesired marriage.

There are young men who take out policies that they will not grow bald before they are married, while young women have their comely figures or shapely limbs and shoulders against all eventualities.—New York World.

Valuable Watch Stolen From London Museum

Belongs to Oliver Cromwell and Was in Good Order

Scotland Yard states that a valuable watch was stolen from a showcase—by breaking a padlock—in the London Museum.

The watch is officially described as follows: "Oliver Cromwell's watch, made in Barlow, the watchmaker formerly the property of the Prince Regent, George IV. Oroid in shape, the body of which is 1¾ inches long by 1¼ inches wide, engraved silver, weight 2½ ounces. On dial in silver fenly and blue view of the tower of Worcester Cathedral and two rabbits browsing. The watch is in going order, except for the catgut, which has perished.

"Enclosed in a modern silver case inscribed as follows: 'The Gift of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, 24th June, 1816, to Barnard Attenborough (from Preach) and of his heirs.' This watch originally belonged to Oliver Cromwell.' The whole enclosed in a morocco case."

Searching For Rare Animals

Expedition Starts for Unexplored Parts of Abyssinia

The Chicago Daily News and Field Museum of Natural History expedition has set out to sea from Marseilles, France, bound for the unexplored parts of Abyssinia. The five members of the party are taking with them 5,000 pounds of scientific equipment, arms and ammunition.

Dr. Wilfred Osgood, curator of the department of zoology of the Field Museum and leader of the expedition, said that it would probably be six to eight months before the party secured the rare animals for which it is searching. These include the Queen of Sheba's antelope or Nyala, the Dalla or baboon like mammal found only in the Simien range and the black-maned lion.

The party will land at Jibuti, in French Somaliland, and travel from there to Addis Ababa, in the heart of Abyssinia.

A Baker's Dozen

"A baker's dozen," numbers 13 for 12. When a buyer is quite sure he will get two dozen rolls, bakers have a simple number of loaves, counting 13 to a hundred, to avoid risk of slip. The limit has given of the dozen was called the "baker's dozen." The name originated in the days of old, when a man was found drinking, i.e., all he deserves and one stroke more.

A Medical Mystery

Doctors are puzzled by the expert care of P. G. Lee. In the last three years he has given blood on 24 occasions at the Middlesex Hospital, seven of them have died and although Lee had never even any of them at the exact moment of their deaths he is said to have felt severe pains in his arms.

How Fanatics Are Handled In England

Most of Them Allowed to State Their Grievance

Take it from me that when the staid, steady-going Britisher wants to do something spectacular he can put it all over any of the mercurial emotionalists of Europe.

The other day a bareheaded, lathenaked brawny manacled in rusty chains tied around the neck and fastened to wrists and ankles made a sudden appearance at the door of the Downing street residence of Premier Asquith. This would be considered a startling appearance at the door of the White House. Inspectors on duty descended upon the man, who explained that he merely wished to present a petition to the Premier, calling attention to the conditions of the unemployed. He was permitted to hand the petition to the Premier's butler and then disappeared. He was dragged off to the police station and quite likely he sent to the psychopathic ward for observation.

That is the peculiar way of handling such incidents in England, where they go on the theory that it is more better for all concerned to let the disturbed get it out of their systems as speedily as possible and make no fuss about it. They know that escaping steam never did anyone any harm.

Another Labor-Saving Device

Dress Presses Clothes on Wearer While He Waits

Of all the labor-saving devices lately put on the market none seems at first hearing that the new flat iron which presses clothes on the wearer while he is wearing them is the best. By electric heat, and the canvas bottom of the strange iron. This steam, which is generated by every wetting, raises the nap of the garment. The wearer experiences no discomfort, and the effect produced by the suit is renewed and once more beautiful.

Perhaps this is the kind of thing that will do away with the old time shop attachment of which rumor hath spread abroad, the Oswego, N.Y., Palladium-Times says. Some considerable, in the new fashion, while he alights to gas and oil his steed, may have had attached to his vehicle by family consumes their orange pop, sweet chocolate and ice cream cones.

This will doubtless work well. And there can be no doubt about the potential value of labor-savers. The problem of them now confronting us the problem of what is going to be done with all the saved time and labor. In the human leaning-post is going to use his extra minutes in a quiet and restful contemplation of nature and the universe, good enough. If he is just going to run around and burn up some more gas and add some more notes to an already noted tab, we have not the same standards of values nowadays, anyhow!

Should Often Go Barefoot

Walking Without Shoes Is Good For Health, Says Chiropodist

"Walk barefoot in the sand or grass if you would avoid foot troubles," Dr. Frederick Sayre, of Chicago, stated before the first convention of the Ontario Association of Chiropodists in Toronto, Canada, recently.

Pointing out that each part of the foot was adapted primarily to some special work, Dr. Sheahan stated that he never a normal member like a deformed, schlac foot it was only necessary to have certain parts of the foot perform functions that they were not suited to.

According to the speaker, that part of the foot which is more abused than any other is the heel, the portion which should bear the weight. Many people have had shifts by burden, as it were be said, and as a result a great number of foot ills were brought into being.

A Leading Woman Capitalist

Viscountess Rhondda, in England's greatest woman capitalist. Lady Rhondda succeeded to the estate and business interests of her late husband, and is now one of the leading coal operators in Wales. Her interests are centered the world or finance and business, and during the 20 year she has increased her holdings and her responsibilities. She is now an active director of a score of large and influential enterprises.

Growing Tobacco in North

Tobacco may be grown in every part of Canada, west north of the 55th degree of latitude, the Canadian Year Book announces. The tobacco plants are grown as are cabbages, but the best spring fronts are sown in the hot-spring frames or even in the open ground. The Manitoba Agricultural Colleges's dotoils "is to give a man a sound drubbing, i.e., all he deserves and one stroke more.

Great colored boy, "Boy, you'll be on this on round close one eye and wear a patch.

Second colored boy: "Dank you kill, brother, you is such a little friend you could pass through an closed eye."

A man's curiously never rivals that of a woman until some one casually mentions that his name appeared in yesterday's paper.

Many Chinese Live In Boats

Millions Know No Other Home Than the Sampans

A large proportion of China's enormous population live in boats upon the rivers and waterways. Especially is this the case in the provinces of Southern China, where whole families sometimes of a dozen persons, dwell together in sampans, are the flat-bottom boats are called.

As the tide ports and on many of the rivers the sampans are so closely packed together that they resemble a floating residence of Premier Asquith. This would be considered a startling appearance at the door of the White House. Inspectors on duty descended upon the man, who explained that he merely wished to present a petition to the Premier, calling attention to the conditions of the unemployed. He was permitted to hand the petition to the Premier's butler and then disappeared. He was dragged off to the police station and quite likely he sent to the psychopathic ward for observation.

That is the peculiar way of handling such incidents in England, where they go on the theory that it is more better for all concerned to let the disturbed get it out of their systems as speedily as possible and make no fuss about it. They know that escaping steam never did anyone any harm.

Another Labor-Saving Device

Dress Presses Clothes on Wearer While He Waits

Of all the labor-saving devices lately put on the market none seems at first hearing that the new flat iron which presses clothes on the wearer while he is wearing them is the best. By electric heat, and the canvas bottom of the strange iron. This steam, which is generated by every wetting, raises the nap of the garment. The wearer experiences no discomfort, and the effect produced by the suit is renewed and once more beautiful.

Perhaps this is the kind of thing that will do away with the old time shop attachment of which rumor hath spread abroad, the Oswego, N.Y., Palladium-Times says. Some considerable, in the new fashion, while he alights to gas and oil his steed, may have had attached to his vehicle by family consumes their orange pop, sweet chocolate and ice cream cones.

This will doubtless work well. And there can be no doubt about the potential value of labor-savers. The problem of them now confronting us the problem of what is going to be done with all the saved time and labor. In the human leaning-post is going to use his extra minutes in a quiet and restful contemplation of nature and the universe, good enough. If he is just going to run around and burn up some more gas and add some more notes to an already noted tab, we have not the same standards of values nowadays, anyhow!

Should Often Go Barefoot

Walking Without Shoes Is Good For Health, Says Chiropodist

"Walk barefoot in the sand or grass if you would avoid foot troubles," Dr. Frederick Sayre, of Chicago, stated before the first convention of the Ontario Association of Chiropodists in Toronto, Canada, recently.

Pointing out that each part of the foot was adapted primarily to some special work, Dr. Sheahan stated that he never a normal member like a deformed, schlac foot it was only necessary to have certain parts of the foot perform functions that they were not suited to.

According to the speaker, that part of the foot which is more abused than any other is the heel, the portion which should bear the weight. Many people have had shifts by burden, as it were be said, and as a result a great number of foot ills were brought into being.

A Leading Woman Capitalist

Viscountess Rhondda, in England's greatest woman capitalist. Lady Rhondda succeeded to the estate and business interests of her late husband, and is now one of the leading coal operators in Wales. Her interests are centered the world or finance and business, and during the 20 year she has increased her holdings and her responsibilities. She is now an active director of a score of large and influential enterprises.

Growing Tobacco in North

Tobacco may be grown in every part of Canada, west north of the 55th degree of latitude, the Canadian Year Book announces. The tobacco plants are grown as are cabbages, but the best spring fronts are sown in the hot-spring frames or even in the open ground. The Manitoba Agricultural Colleges's dotoils "is to give a man a sound drubbing, i.e., all he deserves and one stroke more.

Great colored boy, "Boy, you'll be on this on round close one eye and wear a patch.

Second colored boy: "Dank you kill, brother, you is such a little friend you could pass through an closed eye."

A man's curiously never rivals that of a woman until some one casually mentions that his name appeared in yesterday's paper.

Students Prefer To Study Bible

Chose it Instead of Hindu Sacred Books Says Ghandi

Mahatma Ghandi, who is teaching the Christian Bible an hour a day in the national university at Ahmedabad, India, was taken to task by the Hindus.

"I will teach what the students want to learn," Ghandi replied.

"When I offered to teach an hour a week, I gave them their choice between reading the Hindu Sacred books, 'Gita and Ramayana' and the Bible," he continued. "By a majority vote they decided on the New Testament. The boys know all about the Gita, but want me to teach them the Bible since it is known I have made a great study of that book."

Willing To Oblige

Professor Dana Offered Use of His Filiver to Henry Ford

Professor Harry Dana, of Boston, a friend of Henry Ford with Lonefellow, was recently conducting Henry Ford through the Longfellow house in Cambridge, Mr. Ford was expecting to receive an invitation to visit privately, and to take him back into town for dinner, but as much time passed, and the automobile still failed to arrive, Mr. Ford became more and more nervous.

At last Mr. Dana thought it was high time for him to intervene tactfully, Mr. Ford," he said in his earnest manner, "if the worst comes to the worst, I can drive you over in my flivver."

Useful Clock For Autos

Invention Does Many Things Besides Tell Time

A combined clock, water gauge and thermometer has been invented for motor cars. It will fit any locker, radiator cap. The hands and figures of the clock are illuminated so that they are visible on the darkest night. As the timepiece is directly in the driver's line of vision, it is never necessary for him to take his eyes from the road. The thermometer gives the temperature of the radiator and the gauge tells of any shortage of water.

Lady—And why did you leave your last place?

Tramp—I was discharged for doing well, mum.

Lady—For doing well! Where on earth were you?

Tramp—In hospital, mum.

The first time he went to church he threw water on the second time rice and the third time earth.

Poplar tree grow satisfactorily only when they receive plenty of light.

Students Prefer To Study Bible

Chose it Instead of Hindu Sacred Books Says Ghandi

Mahatma Ghandi, who is teaching the Christian Bible an hour a day in the national university at Ahmedabad, India, was taken to task by the Hindus.

"I will teach what the students want to learn," Ghandi replied.

"When I offered to teach an hour a week, I gave them their choice between reading the Hindu Sacred books, 'Gita and Ramayana' and the Bible," he continued. "By a majority vote they decided on the New Testament. The boys know all about the Gita, but want me to teach them the Bible since it is known I have made a great study of that book."

Willing To Oblige

Professor Dana Offered Use of His Filiver to Henry Ford

Professor Harry Dana, of Boston, a friend of Henry Ford with Lonefellow, was recently conducting Henry Ford through the Longfellow house in Cambridge, Mr. Ford was expecting to receive an invitation to visit privately, and to take him back into town for dinner, but as much time passed, and the automobile still failed to arrive, Mr. Ford became more and more nervous.

At last Mr. Dana thought it was high time for him to intervene tactfully, "Mr. Ford," he said in his earnest manner, "if the worst comes to the worst, I can drive you over in my flivver."

Useful Clock For Autos

Invention Does Many Things Besides Tell Time

A combined clock, water gauge and thermometer has been invented for motor cars. It will fit any locker, radiator cap. The hands and figures of the clock are illuminated so that they are visible on the darkest night. As the timepiece is directly in the driver's line of vision, it is never necessary for him to take his eyes from the road. The thermometer gives the temperature of the radiator and the gauge tells of any shortage of water.

Lady—And why did you leave your last place?

Tramp—I was discharged for doing well, mum.

Lady—For doing well! Where on earth were you?

Tramp—In hospital, mum.

The first time he went to church he threw water on the second time rice and the third time earth.

Poplar tree grow satisfactorily only when they receive plenty of light.

Keep Potatoes In Dark

Some Valuable Hints on Proper Care of Crops

Keep potatoes in the dark, reasonably dry, and above freezing temperature, whether they are to be sold soon after the harvest or stored for winter, is the advice of the Ottawa Agricultural Experimental Farm.

Carelessness in exposing the crop to sunlight for several days results in the production of chlorophyll and the development of a disagreeable and mildly poisonous solanin. To prevent this, potatoes should be covered by sacks or dirt or shelter-belt soon as possible after digging.

When this precaution is prevented greening is taken by moving the potatoes do storage or covering them with straw, the accumulation of moisture may soon cause the potatoes to normally give off moisture, or sweat, after digging. This sweating is usually more disagreeable than dangerous. If the tubers are sound and free from injuries when stored the moisture readily leads to rotting.

Removing the excess moisture by ventilation will prevent moisture stains and the crop will be more satisfactory when removed from storage. Although the temperature is not important in the fall, it becomes very important that when crop be held through winter. The temperature in storage should be between 36 and 40 degrees F. in the middle of December. If the temperature is above 40 degrees after the middle of December, the potatoes will sprout and the shrinkage may be serious.

The Canadian Way

Crime is Adequately Punished says Spokane Paper

At Winnipeg three highwaymen held up a citizen and robbed him of $1.20. In some parts of the United States a crime of that magnitude would have been looked upon as a minor escapade, calling for a jail sentence of a few days, or a paltered rebuke from the Judge. But this sort of leniency is not awarded to highwaymen in Canada. One of the convicted men was sentenced to three and one half years' imprisonment and twenty lashes, ten lashes at once and ten when his term expires; another to three years and twenty lashes, and the youngest of the trio was given three years and ten strokes. In the meantime people could bring themselves to adoption of that treatment, they would see a change in crime.

The Foundation of Prosperity

It should be remembered that schools and churches have to be built and sustained out of the profits, after certain primary needs, of food, clothing, shelter, and taxes have been met; and that farming at a profit is the foundation of all other prosperity in the west. —

Survey Monuments

Increasing Importance of Those Now Being Recognized

In man's earliest civilization natural boundaries such as rivers, ranges of hills, or dense forests served to limit the territory over which neighboring bands or clusters claimed rights of ownership or jurisdiction as well. When the family became united or distinguished from the tribe and when pastoral pursuits were engaged in some division of land among the various families was necessary. These boundaries or divisions have now no doubt first roughly defined but as population increased and individuals became more and more interested in the acquisition of wealth it was necessary to actually mark the dividing lines. Hence the art and practice of land surveying came into existence and with it various types of survey monuments.

At the Dominion Canada where all the original land sub-divisions has been carried on under instructions of the Surveyor-General of Dominion Lands, described at the interior, the early surveys were of wood, but it was even then recognized that a more permanent form of marking was advisable and very soon thereafter iron bars were used, first at township corners and then at all section corners. Attached to the early type of iron bar at section corners was a square or flat piece on which the section numbers were stamped. These iron squares, however, proved so attractive to the settlers who often made jewelry from them that they were later on discarded and a bar with a squared solid top on which the information at each corner could be stamped was used instead. These iron bars were far more permanent than wooden stakes but could be easily pulled out and many of them were used in an unauthorized manner as collecting stakes. The bar and beacon more valuable and as the smoother under cultivation increased, the increasing value of more permanent survey monuments was recognized. A post consisting of an iron pipe with the centre core filled with concrete, with a bronze bolt cement it from being pulled out and having a brass cap on top to receive the proper description for the corner, was adopted and is now in use in the Dominion lands surveys. This post is durable and is not easily removed. Before actually driving the second iron bar referenced by pits or a mound in order that it may be readily found. These monuments have proved very satisfactory and the boundary lines of farms or lots thus marked are relatively permanent. Where ore bodies have been staked out in mineral areas in western Canada not so well marked and Dominion land surveyors often find it necessary, after a time, when putting down an opportunity offers some of these permanent survey posts which may be found by working.

Thus these survey posts are not all confined to the subdivided areas of the Dominion, but are found in many places at many other points. There is a considerable number along many of the main traverses of the Rocky and west Territories and of the northern portions of Manitoba and Saskatchewan. These are found in the Great Waterways, a railway station three hundred miles north of Edmonton, to the Northern Railway, and on the route connected series from The Pas to Lake Athabasca. The locations of all these posts are accurately recorded, and they serve as valuable aids to other surveys, explorations or investigations of the adjacent areas. In the mapping being carried on by the topographical Survey in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, these permanent survey posts are being placed at all prominent points and are available for future reference for all surveying or engineering purposes.

Fish Meal As Stock Food

Fairly Palatable if Fed With Other Meals and Roughages

Fish meal where available is a suitable concentrate for cattle and especially for hogs. It of good quality and properly fed with other meals and with roughages it is fairly palatable, wholesome and a good feed for young growing stock, and also for milk producing, as long as injurious effects on the meat or milk. It is obtained by the utilization of surplus fish and of offal from fish canning establishments and is now largely used in Canada and also exported to the United States. It is dried and ground and is then ready for feeding. Another method of preparation is by the use of fish silage. In this preparation meat be crush and ground, and the several operations in the process of its manufacture carried be carefully and thoroughly carried out, if a wholesome, palatable meal is to result. Any substance of bad odor unfit for human fish or waste will result in unwholesome and rancid products. Care be taken that the meal is not overheated, as this injures the nutritive value of the meal.

Woollen Mill for Alberta

A proposal to establish a woollen mill at Edmonton, Alta., has been made to the Hon. H. Cogo, who has been operating a mill at Port Elgin, New Brunswick. Mr. Cogo's clothing mill was destroyed by fire in August, 1924, and he has since been engaged in the manufacture of yarn. He has shipped machinery material to Edmonton, and is satisfied that Northern Alberta offers a splendid location for a woollen mill.

A brain is no stronger than its weakest think.

Keep Potatoes In Dark

Some Valuable Hints on Proper Care of Crops

Keep potatoes in the dark, reasonably dry, and above freezing temperature, whether they are to be sold soon after the harvest or stored for winter, is the advice of the Ottawa Agricultural Experimental Farm.

Carelessness in exposing the crop to sunlight for several days results in the production of chlorophyll and the development of a disagreeable and mildly poisonous solanin. To prevent this, potatoes should be covered by sacks or dirt or shelter-belt soon as possible after digging.

When this precaution is prevented greening is taken by moving the potatoes do storage or covering them with straw, the accumulation of moisture may soon cause the potatoes to normally give off moisture, or sweat, after digging. This sweating is usually more disagreeable than dangerous. If the tubers are sound and free from injuries when stored the moisture readily leads to rotting.

Removing the excess moisture by ventilation will prevent moisture stains and the crop will be more satisfactory when removed from storage. Although the temperature is not important in the fall, it becomes very important that when crop be held through winter. The temperature in storage should be between 36 and 40 degrees F. in the middle of December. If the temperature is above 40 degrees after the middle of December, the potatoes will sprout and the shrinkage may be serious.

The Canadian Way

Crime is Adequately Punished says Spokane Paper

At Winnipeg three highwaymen held up a citizen and robbed him of $1.20. In some parts of the United States a crime of that magnitude would have been looked upon as a minor escapade, calling for a jail sentence of a few days, or a paltered rebuke from the Judge. But this sort of leniency is not awarded to highwaymen in Canada. One of the convicted men was sentenced to three and one half years' imprisonment and twenty lashes, ten lashes at once and ten when his term expires; another to three years and twenty lashes, and the youngest of the trio was given three years and ten strokes. In the meantime people could bring themselves to adoption of that treatment, they would see a change in crime.

The Foundation of Prosperity

It should be remembered that schools and churches have to be built and sustained out of the profits, after certain primary needs, of food, clothing, shelter, and taxes have been met; and that farming at a profit is the foundation of all other prosperity in the west. —

Survey Monuments

Increasing Importance of Those Now Being Recognized

In man's earliest civilization natural boundaries such as rivers, ranges of hills, or dense forests served to limit the territory over which neighboring bands or clusters claimed rights of ownership or jurisdiction as well. When the family became united or distinguished from the tribe and when pastoral pursuits were engaged in some division of land among the various families was necessary. These boundaries or divisions have now no doubt first roughly defined but as population increased and individuals became more and more interested in the acquisition of wealth it was necessary to actually mark the dividing lines. Hence the art and practice of land surveying came into existence and with it various types of survey monuments.

At the Dominion Canada where all the original land sub-divisions has been carried on under instructions of the Surveyor-General of Dominion Lands, described at the interior, the early surveys were of wood, but it was even then recognized that a more permanent form of marking was advisable and very soon thereafter iron bars were used, first at township corners and then at all section corners. Attached to the early type of iron bar at section corners was a square or flat piece on which the section numbers were stamped. These iron squares, however, proved so attractive to the settlers who often made jewelry from them that they were later on discarded and a bar with a squared solid top on which the information at each corner could be stamped was used instead. These iron bars were far more permanent than wooden stakes but could be easily pulled out and many of them were used in an unauthorized manner as collecting stakes. The bar and beacon more valuable and as the smoother under cultivation increased, the increasing value of more permanent survey monuments was recognized. A post consisting of an iron pipe with the centre core filled with concrete, with a bronze bolt cement it from being pulled out and having a brass cap on top to receive the proper description for the corner, was adopted and is now in use in the Dominion lands surveys. This post is durable and is not easily removed. Before actually driving the second iron bar referenced by pits or a mound in order that it may be readily found. These monuments have proved very satisfactory and the boundary lines of farms or lots thus marked are relatively permanent. Where ore bodies have been staked out in mineral areas in western Canada not so well marked and Dominion land surveyors often find it necessary, after a time, when putting down an opportunity offers some of these permanent survey posts which may be found by working.

Thus these survey posts are not all confined to the subdivided areas of the Dominion, but are found in many places at many other points. There is a considerable number along many of the main traverses of the Rocky and west Territories and of the northern portions of Manitoba and Saskatchewan. These are found in the Great Waterways, a railway station three hundred miles north of Edmonton, to the Northern Railway, and on the route connected series from The Pas to Lake Athabasca. The locations of all these posts are accurately recorded, and they serve as valuable aids to other surveys, explorations or investigations of the adjacent areas. In the mapping being carried on by the topographical Survey in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, these permanent survey posts are being placed at all prominent points and are available for future reference for all surveying or engineering purposes.

Fish Meal As Stock Food

Fairly Palatable if Fed With Other Meals and Roughages

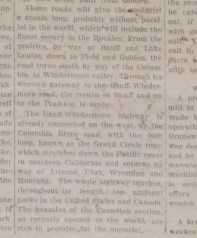
Fish meal where available is a suitable concentrate for cattle and especially for hogs. It of good quality and properly fed with other meals and with roughages it is fairly palatable, wholesome and a good feed for young growing stock, and also for milk producing, as long as injurious effects on the meat or milk. It is obtained by the utilization of surplus fish and of offal from fish canning establishments and is now largely used in Canada and also exported to the United States. It is dried and ground and is then ready for feeding. Another method of preparation is by the use of fish silage. In this preparation meat be crush and ground, and the several operations in the process of its manufacture carried be carefully and thoroughly carried out, if a wholesome, palatable meal is to result. Any substance of bad odor unfit for human fish or waste will result in unwholesome and rancid products. Care be taken that the meal is not overheated, as this injures the nutritive value of the meal.

Woollen Mill for Alberta

A proposal to establish a woollen mill at Edmonton, Alta., has been made to the Hon. H. Cogo, who has been operating a mill at Port Elgin, New Brunswick. Mr. Cogo's clothing mill was destroyed by fire in August, 1924, and he has since been engaged in the manufacture of yarn. He has shipped machinery material to Edmonton, and is satisfied that Northern Alberta offers a splendid location for a woollen mill.

A brain is no stronger than its weakest think.

Fresh Natural Scenes With New Road



Beautiful Emerald Lake, now accessible. Left inset—pointing out features of scenic Mountain. Right inset—Sinclair Canyon, Banff-Windermere Highway.

There is a fresh unfolding of the panorama of nature in the new scenic area opened up by the Lake Louise-Field Highway through the mountains. Emerald Lake, one of the Yoho National Park in British Columbia, the Yoho Valley and Emerald Lake are now accessible to the motor world. This latest addition to the Canadian National Parks system, the Yoho Valley, is reached from the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Field, in British Columbia, a part of the abandoned right of way is used and some of the finest scenery in the world is to be noted. There is a marvellous view of the Yoho Valley ending in its glistening glacier.

Winding down the side of Mt. Stephen, the traveller comes to the fiats and Yoho River, between Mount Stephen and Mount Field. On the floor of Mr. Stephen can be seen a few hundred feet above, the opening to the silver-lead mine, which is reached from the flats by a winding trail. This mine, opened in 1895, is unique in its operation and in its situation, on the side of a high mountain. It is worth the effort of a trip up the inclines and offers fine opportunity for the amateur climber.

Driving along the river flats, the trains can be seen, many feet above, on the Canadian Pacific line, the Cathedral mountain. Down the river valley, the new road connects with the Kicking Horse road which reaches eight miles up the Yoho Valley to Takakaw Falls. The highest in Canada, amazing, 1,200 feet. Another beautiful drive described the beauties of the ribbon of water, with a fall of 500 feet, in clouds of foam. Another interesting, tree-lined avenue leads to Emerald Lake, a distance of seven miles. This lake, of exquisite coloring, lies placid under the protection of Mounts Wapta, Burgess and President, and affords fine fishing.

At field, the natural bridge is one of the points of interest. A road 17 to the western boundary of Yoho park under construction from this junction

Then it will be linked up with a like way now being built from Golden.

These roads will give the motorist the most scenic route through the Rockies, by way of Banff and Lake Louise, down to Field and Golden, the road turns south by way of the Columbia, to Windermere valley, through the western gateway to the Banff-Windermere road, the route to Banff and on to the Prairies is made.

The Banff-Windermere highway is already connected on the west by the Columbia River road, with the 1000 miles road to the Grand Canyon of the Fraser, which stretches down the Pacific coast to southern California and returning by way of Arizona, Utah, Wyoming and Montana. The whole highway reaches, throughout its length, ten national parks in the United States and Canada. The beauties of the Canadian section are recently opened to the motorist, rich in promise for the motorist.

Goat Raising

Sturdy Little Animals Finding Favor With B.C. Farmers

Goat raising has become an important branch of agriculture in British Columbia, according to the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior at Ottawa. Goat milk finds a ready market at from 15 to 25 cents per quart in Vancouver and Victoria and the yield runs as high as one gallon daily per animal, and with the natural increase from three to six plants. The Nubian goat is said to yield as much as 2 to 4 gallons per day of superior milk. Fresh milk is highly recommended by doctors for feeding babies and invalids. Butter and cheese made from it are highly prized by those who have learned to use these products. The skins of goats are utilized for gloves and in the production of leathers of fine textures and high value used in bookbinding, etc. Goats are easily reared for and many of the B.C. herds are attended largely by children.

The animals are milked morning and evening, and a number of does can be easily and properly balanced rations are just as necessary for the milking doe as with the dairy cow. One and one half to two pounds of grain and meal daily are recommended by Mr. A. A. McKenzie, of the Dominion Experimental Farm who is also authority for the statement that there is good money selling goats' milk even as low as ten cents a quart. Select for its value as the digestive qualities and richness would ensure it an inexhaustible market.

Goats have hitherto been confined to the Old World, being especially numerous in the mountain districts of Europe and Asia. Both sheep and goats are typical mountain animals and both will thrive better where there are green shoots and shrubbery. They do not, like sheep, confine themselves to grass.

The domestic goat is represented by many sub-varieties which differ in the length of the hair, the form of the horns, the shape of the horns. In the short-haired class (the English goat) the coat is short and close, with an undergrowth of woolly substance. Both sexes are horned, but in the male the horns are more developed. The color is either black, white or brown. The long-haired (or Irish) goat is more frequently wearing red, although occasionally black and white. These are large, corrugated, and pointed, and rise close together in parallel lines. The mane is long and the hind legs and ugly. The Angora and the Kashmir goats are often confused but are totally different breeds. Both bear a beautifully silky texture, and both carry a second quality of coat which resembles wool. The Angora goat has the woolly portion of the coat is outside the hairy covering, but in the Kashmir goat this woolly wool lies next the skin. The Nubian goat carries short, black, twisted horns, the ears are long and pendulous, and the coat of the female is extremely short. The Maltese goat is generally hornless, and is remarkable for its milk. The goat has very long ears and very long hair, and its bones are erect and aspiral.

The most successful success of the goat herds in British Columbia not only points to similar possibilities in other parts of the province, but all of which there is little doubt but that the goat would make a splendid revenue producer and family asset, but at the same there is available the splendid climatized and registered stock of the B.C. herds and the experience in breeding and handling which B.C. owners have gone through with such conspicuous success.

Give Alfalfa a Chance

Late Pasturing or Cutting of Feeds is Dangerous Practice

Awarding is rounded by L. Steven-son of the Ontario Agricultural College, against late cutting or pasturing of alfalfa. In a normal year, he says, until the last third of June the hay or pasture alfalfa heartily is growing September 25, but this season, being a cool and considerably moist, the time could have been extended another ten days. After this however, according to Mr. Steven-son, the man who does not give his alfalfa a chance to recuperate and get a little protective growth to withstand the siege of winter liable to pay for his selfishness in reduced yields next season.

A Natural Conclusion

A young bride-elect was ordering her trousseau in London before going back to New Zealand to be married. The dressmaker suggested only very warm clothing, and when the bride demurred, asserting that Christmas was beautifully mild, she was immediately informed: "I assure you, madam, that we sometimes have Yuletide in where the frosts most comes from."—Pearson's Weekly.

A boy: "Mother, I've got a cent."

"That's a beautiful birdie, Mamma."

"Yes, Pastor, and it never cries."

"That's because nobody ever tries to wind it up, eh, sonny?"

The man who claims to be seeking new worlds for his conquest is looking for a place where he isn't so well known.

The knowledge that one-half the world doesn't know how the other half lives is a constant source of worry to some people.

The man who renders the greatest service to his day and generation is the man who makes people laugh.

New Volume Is Written Describing The Wonders And Beauties Of Canadian Scenery

Can you imagine a span of a thousand million years or so? If you can, try to picture to yourself the places where the Rocky Mountains now stand, with their snow-crowned peaks reaching into the sky, at the bottom-most depths of an inland sea.

Do you know how the Rockies were formed? By what Titanic forces these great masses were crumbled and fold, and lifted high into the air?

If it is most interesting story that geology tells us concerning the formation of this gigantic range through the ages—months before the Mayflower drove upon the earth, and only one of the many other fascinating things that one learns about one's own land, in "Picturesque America," a delux volume, superbly illustrated with 250 photographs of the finest quality, which has been published recently by "The Rotarets and Playgrounds of America."

It is a compliment, and not one undeserved, to Canada, that this book, which describes so clearly and well, the wonders and beauties of the parks and beauty spots of North America, should give over more than one-quarter of its pages to Canada's great playground. Yet it cannot but be acceptated that her parks are unique in their magnificence and their wealth of color, to their preservation of game and wild creatures, and in their possession of great areas of forests and vast regions as yet unexplored.

The National Parks of Canada are 14 in number, and range in area from a few square miles to 4,000 square miles. For the most part they are found in the western mountain country, while the three most beautiful Rocky Mountain parks, Banff, Yoho and Glacier, are on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Many well-known writers, such as Robert Stedling Yard, Sara Grey, Mary Roberts Rinehart, Irvin S. Cobb, Charles Lummis, Arthur Stringer, Mary Carolyn Davies, and J. B. Harkil have written of these parks in volumes maintaining a high standard of literary quality throughout. Verses of nature by equally well-known poets are scattered throughout, and there is added a complete index and bibliography before the long chapters of the book. It is invaluable as one of reference. It would seem that its purpose to make better known and to encourage the love and the noble marvels of America's wonderlands, must be accomplished.

Starts Campaign For Contracts

Saskatchewan Live Stock Pool Getting Down to Business

The Saskatchewan Live Stock Pool has started a produce-wide campaign for contracts and it is hoped the objective of 1,000 car loads of live stock by contract will be practically signed by Jan. 1st, 1927, when the pool is expected to commence operating. The pool is just half way to the objective now, with 500 car loads under contract.

When the objective has been allotted arrangements will be made immediately for the election of the delegates in each of the seven districts into which the province will be divided for the purpose of the pool and for the election of a permanent board of directors.

The contracts are being signed by the agents of the organization now being held just prior to harvest. The Live Stock Pool differs from the Wheat Pool in that it is necessary to have an immediate sale of each head of stock at the best possible selling point to give the most efficient service. A membership with individual signatures of each of the pool growers will mean that the local will be working under a handicap. Regular shipments will be made to the pool, and will not be possible to give members the service they would receive with 100 per cent membership in the district.

Synthetic Sunshine

Obtaining Food From the Light of the Sun and Air and Sea Water

The world need never go hungry as long the the sun shines. So the chemists of the future at least believe. Dr. Pollitis, at Williamstown, Massachusetts, and since scientists are so fond of "clouds," the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer company have decided to have a man actually manufacture "clouds" and scenes, and the celluloid records will be kept, in their familiar files, at the headquarters of the firm for use at need when required.—London Chronicle.

How Plaster Of Paris Received Its Name

French Capital Built Over Beds Where It Is Obtained.

Plaster of Paris is derived from a mineral called gypsum. Burned first in a furnace and then ground to a fine powder, gypsum yields a fine chalky powder which, when moistened again into a paste, and poured into a mould, sets back into a perfect replica of its mould, so making an ideal material for sculpture and the like.

Gypsum is found in many parts of the world, but as a large part of Paris is built over beds of gypsum which, like, at times, to imagine to themselves the happy life of Seigh Sebastian Bach, who was born in Eisenach and allowing ripe breadfruit and bananas to drop into their laps. But in reality, the Samoans have to work hard where the sun sometimes fails to shine and occasionally it rains, no sun's beautiful, with a population of from 50,000 to 60,000 natives, who are in sight.—From the Outlook, N.Y.

An Important Industry

Export of Flower Seeds from B.C. to Rapidly Increasing

The culture of flower seeds is becoming an increasing industry in British Columbia. The acreage this year is considerably larger than ever before, and which it has been conducted successfully at Sandringham, Sidney, Cloverdale, Duncan, Saanich and Vineouth, and other points. It is now likely to be extended to the mainland.

The importance of flower seeds has become an important industry in this province. Every year a growing quantity of seed is shipped from British Columbia, and England in particular is coming to depend to a greater extent on the sunny skies and rich soil of Vancouver Island for its supply of seeds. Millions of flowery blossoms fill all over England have germinated from seeds produced in Canada.

The commercial production of flowers seed in particular has made great strides in the past few years, and a considerable trade has developed with seed houses in England. Sweet peas, nasturtiums and poppies are the specialties of the province, and the Canadian gardener reached one perfect time that he sent a sample to the old country to show what could be grown under her half a ton of seed.

Experts of Canadian seed of all kinds from Great Britain have been respectively worth 1,945,$10,211,497 and $10,795,106.

Wife—I wish, dear, you would discuss with me some of the things we need for the house.

Husband—All right, what are they?

Wife—Well, to begin with we ought to have a new dress.—Christian Science Monitor.

Her "Dearest, am I the first man that ever held you in his arms?"

She: "Yes, of course. Why do you men always ask the same question?"

Canadian Cattle Trade Increasing In Britain

Market Has Absorbed 110,868 Head During Past Year

Proof that Canadian steers can hold their own in British feeders has just been furnished in an announcement by Mr. Weldon that at the Aldborough and Buckingham Agricultural Society's 70th annual show, the first prize was awarded to Canadian cattle in the class for the best pair of fat steers not exceeding fourteen hundredweight, and for the best butcher's heifer in the yard. Canadian Judges are the Scott and second prizes.

The West Trades Journal, London, England, also comments on Canadian cheese and says:

"Canadian cattle have gained such favor as profitable feeders, not only in the United Kingdom, but also in Canada, and the United States, that a new development was started in 1923, at the Southern Saskatchewan Cooperative Stock yards, Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, in the form of a feeder show and auction sale.

"About 25,000 is offered in prizes, and the entries, from the inception of the show, have quite exceeded the most optimistic expectations.

The British market, as spite of a steady falling off in shipments during the recent summer months, has absorbed 110,868 head of Canadian cattle in the best year, at approximately $106.40 per head. The fact that this trade is developing may be taken as an indication that our stores for sale or over the other side but it is doubtful whether the British consumer is always aware of the fact that he has purchased "Canadian beef" beef.

Filming Clouds

American Moving Picture Concern Goes Abroad to Get Cloud Effects

The somberness of the cunning industry IS the States is well known, light a new piano commences when the straight people added to "Gas plant" Hollywood is an ideal place for film making owing to the clear air and bright sunshine, but there are pictures which need cloud scenes, and to complete them it is often necessary for the picture-goer to go far afield for the effects, what time the ravages of the film is delayed. To overcome this delay, and to have a reserve of "clouds," the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer company have decided to have a man actually manufacture "clouds" and scenes, and the celluloid records will be kept, in their familiar files, at the headquarters of the firm for use at need when required.—London Chronicle.

Sardines Leave Home Waters

Gold Currents Along French Coast Responsible

The French marine research vessel La Tanche has just found out why sardines leave home.

The problem has been bothering French fishermen and sardine pickers and packers for years. Sardine stories have been threatened with closing down because the tiny fish no longer frisk in great schools along the French coast.

The research workers found that sardines seem to become lazy when the rich sardine holds and have driven them farther out to sea, where the Gulf Stream flows. The greater risk is now hauling them in by netfuls.

Complete Text Flight

Two supersonics have just completed a test flight from Berlin to Pekin and back, for the purpose of establishing a basis for a regular air service to the far east. The aviator's return was witnessed by Traffic Minister Krohne and other government representatives; the Russian ambassador, the Chinese and Lithuanian ministers, and Sven Hedin, the explorer.

Says Canada Needs National Viewpoint

President of Canadian Press Gives Address in Toronto

Canada needs to think nationally to increase sympathy and unselfish thoughts as between the East and West and that there grows up an increased sympathy and knowledge between the two great races of whom the country is composed, said J. H. Woods, president of the Canadian Press, and managing director of The Calgary Herald, in addressing the Canadian Club.

Mr. Woods spoke on the subject by "Canada," which, he said, had stood for more than 100 years as the "land of the open trail."

Tracing the story of the explorer, the trader, the pioneer and early settler in Canada, Mr. Woods pointed out that Canada had accomplished much. He said, from the settler it had come to be regarded as a model among the peoples of the world. Canada had shown the world how the great nations could live side by side in harmony and yet maintain in that relationship independence and self-respect.

World Wheat Shortage

All Factors Seem to Point to a Keen Demand This Year.

Wheat production on Monday March in 1926 is 25,000,000 bushels less than the previous year, according to an official estimate issued by the bureau of statistics. This is the main cause notwithstanding an increase in production on this continent of nearly 10,000,000 bushels.

Taking the principal—in all countries—together in Canada and the United States—the drop this year will be 61,000,000 bushels, less than in 1925.

In North America, with Canada expects a smaller crop, the United States will increase their yield by more than 100,000,000 bushels. All factors seem to point to a keen demand or wheat, according to the report, which reads:

"India is not expected to be able to spare any appreciable quantity of wheat for export and the situation as regards Russia is very uncertain. Last year it was forecast officially that the exports of wheat from the Soviet republic might exceed 110,000,000 bushels, but from May, when exports began, to the end of January, 1926, they were actually only 14,000,000 bushels.

"The wheat crop in France is reported considerably below that of 1925 by the bulletin mensuel. The general outlook appears therefore to be for a strong demand for the Canadian crop."

Dusting vs. Spraying The Potato

Report of Experiment Undertaken at Fredericton, N.B.

The report for 1925 of the Dominion botanist is particularly worthy of study and conclusion by every potato grower of any size of prominence. It is a report of five complete years of experimentation and remedial experiments of practically every disease considered important in the potato crop, carried on with the Dominion Experimental Farm, Station, Mr. H. M. J. Mitchell, plant pathologist in charge at Fredericton, N.B., dealing chiefly with diseases affecting the potato. Among other things he tells of a valuable experiment carried out to test the relative efficiency of various dusts as compared with spray mixtures, about which there is considerable diversity of opinion.

A field of four and three-quarters was divided into three plants of equal area. The land was in average fertility and apparently uniform throughout. Colorado Green Mountain potatoes were experimented with. Lime of Bordeaux was applied by means of a power sprayer with a four-row vertical nozzle boom and Bordeaux dust and copper carbonate dust by means of a Niagara traction row duster provided with four naval. Efforts were made to apply the dust and spray mixtures—the composition and application of which are given in higher form in the report, which is to be had free on application. Publications Branch, Ottawa—in such manner that equal amounts of metallic copper would be used.

While the results are not considered conclusive, the experiment having been conducted for only one year, a table published shows that better yields followed the Bordeaux dust than the spray as applied with power machines, although such disease as early late blight.

A Valuable By-Product

Sugar-Beet Tops Used to Fatten Camb Steers

Beet tops are considered a valuable supplementary feed for fattening cattle by the Colorado Agricultural College, but officials point out that in order to realize maximum returns the tops should be mixed with some grain to supply the proper balance of carbohydrates. In Colorado farmers used to pasture their lambs on the beet tops after the corn is harvested in the same period, but this was found to be an mistake, as both were exactly alike in value. When grain was added, the ration was balanced and the value of the beet tops was trebled. In South Dakota, Canada and the irrigated districts of Alberta where beet growing is an important industry, the value of this new by-product has not always been realized.

Won Many Prizes

Nineteen First Class Prizes for Creamery Butter by Alberta at Toronto Exhibition

At the Canadian National Exhibition held recently at Toronto, the dairy exhibitor of creamery butter from the province of Alberta were awarded 19 first prizes. Second prizes and seven third prizes. In addition the silver cup for the highest scoring butter exhibit was awarded to the Edmonton Dairy Ltd., of Edmonton, on a score of 96.7 per cent out of a possible 100 points, and the silver cup for class for the highest average score of exhibits in the various classes the second and third prizes were awarded to the Central Creameries Ltd., Calgary, and Mr. C. E. Christensen, of the Edmonton Pure Butter Co., Edmonton.

Children's Cloning may be made practically fireproof by soaking for a few moments in a solution of ammonium phosphate.

Riches have wings but they don't seem to have any tail that you can pull salt on.

Discovery Is Made That Rust Spores Are Spread By Winds Over Great Distances

Curing Seed Corn

Can Be Accomplished But Great Care Is Necessary

Corn shown in Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba during recent years has demonstrated the possibility of saving and curing seed corn in the prairie provinces. The demand for domestic seed is shown by the higher prices offered, but to date very little is available on the market.

Ears of filled corn which reach the glazing stage, or have the dents formed, in the case of dent varieties, can be satisfactorily saved for seed, small quantities of several varieties have been picked at these stages and cured at the Dominion experimental farm, Indian Head. Over 20 bushels of each corn of a selection of North Dakota White Flint cut at this stage last year have been handled per acre of germination at planting time. This seed came up in the spring one to two days before ripening seed and made more rapid progress in the early part of the season.

Great care must be exercised in curing the product. Corn picked at the stage contains over 50 per cent moisture and must be dried out to 15 per cent, or it will rot. These ears must be cured in a room with a good circulation of air, arranged so that they touch one another, and with temperatures as high above freezing as conditions permit.

Several methods have been used to complete this curing process. The commercial method which allows for handling a relatively large amount of corn in a small space is the chicken-wire method. The ears are simply strung on both sides of two-by-fours nine inches apart, and the whole placed in a partly warm, dry structure. Where only a small quantity is cured the ears may be tied by the husks in pairs and suspended over lines. Husked ears may be hung in parallel lines of looped string and the strings crossed in such a way as to keep the ears from touching each other. In this manner, intending exhibitors of the forthcoming shows should cure the seed to avoid formation of moulds which often occurs in bulk. Seed ears should then be wrapped separately and shipped in a light wooden box.—By W. J. Sanderson, Experimental Farm, Indian Head.

To Increase Sale Of Empire Products

British Government Will Spend $5,000,000 Yearly on Publicity and Research

With regard to the Government grant of £1,000,000 a year for the encouragement of the marketing of Empire produce in lieu of tariff preference which the government refused, it has incexpedient to proceed with, Lt. Col. L. C. Amery, secretary of State for Dominion Affairs, has said that it was proposed to spend the money mainly in publicity and research.

Mr. Amery made it plain that home products were to be equally included with Dominion products in connection with the new publicity and research arrangement, he said, and been entirely approved of by the government of the Dominion of New Zealand.

Mammoth posters are being prepared as a part of the publicity scheme, and the first big one of these will be given to the Premiers of the Dominions when they are in London attending the Imperial Conference, which was opened by the King.

Telephones in London

London has three times as many telephones in proportion to its population than 14 other countries, including Iceland and Hawaii. The United States has six times as many telephones per head of population as Great Britain, said a recent statement of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, which urged that telephone and telegraph be separated from the postal services.

Increase in Wheat Production

Agriculture embraces one-third of the national wealth of Canada, according to E. S. Archibald, director of the Dominion Government Experimental Farms. "It is quite possible," he said "that, with no more acreage than the present 22 millions under field cultivation in Canada, an increase of ten bushels per acre in production may be secured."

Helen: I fear I have made a mistake!

Ruth: Why?

Helen: He proposed in a taxicab. Of course I accepted him and the fare and we got out and walked.

Discovery Is Made That Rust Spores Are Spread By Winds Over Great Distances

Curing Seed Corn

Can Be Accomplished But Great Care Is Necessary

Corn shown in Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba during recent years has demonstrated the possibility of saving and curing seed corn in the prairie provinces. The demand for domestic seed is shown by the higher prices offered, but to date very little is available on the market.

Ears of filled corn which reach the glazing stage, or have the dents formed, in the case of dent varieties, can be satisfactorily saved for seed, small quantities of several varieties have been picked at these stages and cured at the Dominion experimental farm, Indian Head. Over 20 bushels of each corn of a selection of North Dakota White Flint cut at this stage last year have been handled per acre of germination at planting time. This seed came up in the spring one to two days before ripening seed and made more rapid progress in the early part of the season.

Great care must be exercised in curing the product. Corn picked at the stage contains over 50 per cent moisture and must be dried out to 15 per cent, or it will rot. These ears must be cured in a room with a good circulation of air, arranged so that they touch one another, and with temperatures as high above freezing as conditions permit.

Several methods have been used to complete this curing process. The commercial method which allows for handling a relatively large amount of corn in a small space is the chicken-wire method. The ears are simply strung on both sides of two-by-fours nine inches apart, and the whole placed in a partly warm, dry structure. Where only a small quantity is cured the ears may be tied by the husks in pairs and suspended over lines. Husked ears may be hung in parallel lines of looped string and the strings crossed in such a way as to keep the ears from touching each other. In this manner, intending exhibitors of the forthcoming shows should cure the seed to avoid formation of moulds which often occurs in bulk. Seed ears should then be wrapped separately and shipped in a light wooden box.—By W. J. Sanderson, Experimental Farm, Indian Head.

To Increase Sale Of Empire Products

British Government Will Spend $5,000,000 Yearly on Publicity and Research

With regard to the Government grant of £1,000,000 a year for the encouragement of the marketing of Empire produce in lieu of tariff preference which the government refused, it has incexpedient to proceed with, Lt. Col. L. C. Amery, secretary of State for Dominion Affairs, has said that it was proposed to spend the money mainly in publicity and research.

Mr. Amery made it plain that home products were to be equally included with Dominion products in connection with the new publicity and research arrangement, he said, and been entirely approved of by the government of the Dominion of New Zealand.

Mammoth posters are being prepared as a part of the publicity scheme, and the first big one of these will be given to the Premiers of the Dominions when they are in London attending the Imperial Conference, which was opened by the King.

Telephones in London

London has three times as many telephones in proportion to its population than 14 other countries, including Iceland and Hawaii. The United States has six times as many telephones per head of population as Great Britain, said a recent statement of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, which urged that telephone and telegraph be separated from the postal services.

Increase in Wheat Production

Agriculture embraces one-third of the national wealth of Canada, according to E. S. Archibald, director of the Dominion Government Experimental Farms. "It is quite possible," he said "that, with no more acreage than the present 22 millions under field cultivation in Canada, an increase of ten bushels per acre in production may be secured."

Helen: I fear I have made a mistake!

Ruth: Why?

Helen: He proposed in a taxicab. Of course I accepted him and the fare and we got out and walked.

It is not altogether comforting to know that rust spores can be carried from great distances and appear to be of a very malignant type. However details of spore-trapping experiments co-operatively conducted by the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory and the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory at Manitoba Agricultural College, show by Dr. D. L. Bailey, pathologist in charge, in the Dominion Botanist's report, for 1925 are beyond measure interesting. The idea of the investigation or experiment was to collect all data possible regarding the origin and spread of black stem rust in Western Canada by studying the seed content of the upper air over various districts during the season.

As the report suggests, the results obtained by the first year's work of this kind are most valuable. The first instance the wind dissemination of rust spores over large areas and for considerable distances has been established. Over heavily wooded areas where, separated from cereal-growing districts indications were definitely obtained of the absence of rust. Over fast the concentration of spores was surprisingly high. And this upwards of 1,000 miles of territory may be searched over growing region. This, says Dr. Bailey, accounts in large measure for the fact that the annual outbreak appearance of rust over large areas. Because once rust becomes prevalent in the spring over any part of United States the rust spores can very rapidly be carried north in large numbers by a south wind.

Getting Rid Of Weeds

Publicity Regarding "Farmer Who Keeps His Land Clean

Recently a party of Manitoba business men out on a trip observed the weeds in the crops and along the roadsides and were moved to make comparisons about the careless farmers who were allowing their land to be overrun with weeds, and spreading the seeds to themselves and a menace to their neighbors.

The very long are the business men of Swift Current noticed with concern that the farms in the district were becoming badly infested with weeds. Instead of scolding the farmers they put their heads together, raised a substantial sum of money among themselves, offered a prize to the farmer in the district who had the cleanest farm had presented him with a cup as a banner held in his honor.

Which method will produce the best results? It is not necessary to say that the Kiwanis Club of Swift Current has done the right thing in the right way. The farmer who keeps his farm clean and grows only clean crops deserves the applause of his fellow-citizens. The farmer who gets a dirty farm is not always to blame. He may have just bought the land, he may not have had time to clean it, or through illness, it may be so badly infested with different weeds, all requiring different methods of eradication, that he hardly know where to begin, but he is not as good a farmer or as good a citizen as the man who regards weeds in his crops as a standing insult against his own reputation and the honor of his farm. And the business man who scolds the farmer for not getting rid of weeds is not as good a business man or as good a citizen as the one who helps the farmer to get rid of them and co-operates with others in publicly rewarding the farmer who goes to the trouble to get rid of the farm.—Saskatchewan Farmer.

Should Be Good Scheme

Give Training in Agriculture to Daughters of Prospective British Settlers

A scheme to train the older daughters of prospective British settlers in agricultural schools before the family has come to settle on the land, will be considered by the British overseas settlement committee by Miss Rachel Ard, on her return to London this fall. Miss Ard has spent the past few months making settlement and imperial trade questions in Canada on behalf of the Women's Committee of the advisory board; and has recommendations for further settlement work to schools and information on land conditions for new immigrants.

Mules Outpull Horses

Won The Light Weight Class at Pennsylvania Fair Recently

J. W. Snyder, secretary of the Pennsylvania State College, supervised the dynamometer pulling contest at the Pennsylvania Farm Fair recently. He reports that a team of mules, Tom and Joe, owned by G. W. Smith, of Mill Creek, won the lightweight class over teams of horses. The mules weighed 2,710 pounds, and pulled 2,300 pounds on the draw-bar of the dynamometer. They never balked, which is not often the custom of our long-eared friends.

One half of a man's energy is wasted. Only the down strokes count in chopping wood.

Only a small per cent of the money saved up for rainy days is invested in umbrellas.

Try becoming dissatisfied with your self instead of with your job

"Picturesque America" Includes Picturesque Canada

1. Twin Falls, Yoho Glacier. 2. A Raft of Fun—Lake O'Hara.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Professor F. Alexander Guthler, 59, president of the University of Jena, Germany, committed suicide. No reason is assigned for his act.

Britain is now exporting motor cars to the Dominions at the rate of 21,000 a year. In 1923 the number of cars exported was only 5,000.

The condition of foreign missionaries in China is becoming increasingly precarious. Ill feeling toward missionaries has been reported recently from widely separated cities.

Seven hundred and seventy-eight women shoplifters have been caught in the last five years by Miss Gertrude Lafter, a detective employed in one of London's largest department stores.

After cruising three days with a pirate crew, the Chinese steamer Hsin Fung arrived at Hong Kong, the pirates having fled on the approach of aeroplanes.

Brazilian citizens regardless of position or rank, are forbidden by a new constitutional amendment to accept foreign decorations. Citizens flaunting such honors will lose their citizenship.

Hr Sir Alan Cobham now. The man who calculated a series of daring long distance flights with a 28,000 mile jaunt to Australia and return, has been made a knight commander of the British Empire by the King.

In a contest recently between a motor cyclist and an express train, covering a distance of 500 miles between Sydney and Brisbane, the motor cyclist won, reaching his destination 30 minutes before the express.

Allan Brooks, Vancouver, B.C., artist-naturalist, has been awarded a gold medal by the Canadian National exhibition for his work in the field. Havelock Robb collection of bird paintings, shown in the natural history section of the exhibition.

Frank "Tex" McLeod, 41, well known as a rider and roper at western rodeos in the United States and Canada, died next morning as a result of wheh his automobile overturned. He had driven but a few times and apparently lost control of the car. He was alone at the time.

The skull of a native of South Africa, who died a short time ago was found to measure 61 inches in girth, with a capacity of 122 cubic inches. The discovery of this huge skull at the present day is believed to throw light on the theory that Africa was the cradle of the human race.

World's Biggest Organ

Installed in Liverpool Cathedral at Cost of £100,000

Liverpool Cathedral's organ, which has cost £35,000 and is the largest in the world has been installed.

A. E. Temple, a director of Henry Willis and Sons, Ltd., of Liverpool, who have built the organ, said to a reporter:

We started work on the organ before the war, but it was held up during the war.

The lowest note weighs more than a ton and is 32 ft. 1 in. in pipe.

The instrument has 7 rows of keys, 222 draw knobs, 168 stops, and 10,934 pipes. It is played by electro-pneumatic action, the mechanism being driven by motors with a total of 25 horse power.

The layout of the organ is such that there are 32 telephones from various parts of the instrument for the workmen to communicate with the assistant at the keys during tuning.

Advises Canadians Not to Emigrate

"Stay in Your Own Country Says Lord Darling

Lord Darling, of Langham, his observations flavored with those satires of wit for which he is noted, commended hard work, deprecated Socialism and praised British justice, in an address that touched a wide range of subjects, at a combination luncheon of the Canadian and Empire Clubs in Toronto.

A reference to the early pioneers of this country led the speaker into a discussion on present-day conditions. He recalled Canadians' early display of determination and hard work to realize fully the heritage that their hardy forbears had won for them from the wilderness. His Lordship advised Canadians not to seek employment under another flag. "Stay in your own country," he said, "and make use of the resources at your own door."

Tramp—"I've asked for money, begged for money, and cried for money. Lady—Have you ever tried work for money?

Tramp—No lady, I'm doing the alphabet and I haven't got to "w" yet."

"So you and Harry aren't going to get married this month?"

"No, not for a while, I guess. You see, he paid a year's rent in the bachelor's club in advance."

The maximum recorded temperature in the shade is 134 degrees Fahrenheit, observed at a Greenland Ranch Club.

People who are never in a hurry to begin believe in the theory that it is never too late to mend.

W. N. U. 1459

Many Prominent Men Sleep Long Hours

Amount of Rest Required Depends on a Person's Vitality

The London Sunday Express says in a special article: A man watching Lord Balfour play tennis the other day was struck at the mental and physical agility of one who is within two years of being eighty, suddenly remembered that this lithe flannelled figure, intellectually the most brilliant of our older statesmen, had been in the habit of sleeping many hours that most of his contemporaries.

Could that be this secret of his astonishing vitality?

Lord Balfour has at least one rival in a younger man—Sir William Orr-ewing, who takes a full twelve hours of sleep. This brilliant portrait painter uses up a tremendous amount of vitality in a day, for like twelve hours of sleep, he follows it by twelve hours of hard work of great intensity.

Mr. Lloyd George, like most men with a marvelous power of concentration and talent, more than the average amount of sleep. But he is one of those fortunate people who can slumber anywhere—sound asleep in a moment, wide awake the next, like the late Charles Bradlaugh, who declared that he could sleep on clothes line.

The one man in the world who would do without his bed altogether if he could, and has found little need of sleep all his life, is Edison. He has accorded due scientific recognition.

Who is right only number will tell us. But it is a fact that the new-born claim it will be, and they predict an unprecedentedly severe season, then, to conform to history, this winter will have to be inordinately rigorous.

Laymen must take what the day brings; the meteorologists answer their own storm. For, all they know, for all those may think, they too, like ourselves, must "wait and see."

Establish Colony On Wrangel Island

Soviets Have Raised Red Flag at Roger's Bay

Whatever others in Canada and the United States may have had to Wrangel Island is held by Soviet opinion to have been conferred with the establishment there of Russia's first colony and the raising of the Red flag.

The new colony settled at Roger's Bay consists of 50 emigrants from the Siberian mainland, taken there by the Soviet ice-breaker Sibiriakov from Nagrskaya. The Soviet Government provided the settlers with money, clothing and food for three years. They form the nucleus of the large colony which the Government hopes to establish.

It is intended to make Wrangel the administrative centre of the Russian Polar regions. Siberian Government officials believe the island is not only of great strategic value to the Soviet Union especially as an aerial base, but that it can be made an important economic and industrial factor. It abounds in furs, fisheries and minerals. Russian observers also report indications of the presence of coal, platinum and oil.

An expedition from the Russian Academy of Sciences is on the island studying the feasibility of making it a base for aerial communication between Russia and North America. Lying about 300 miles from Nome, it offers the shortest air route between Russia, China, Japan and Canada and the United States.

Reason Large Numbers Interested In Sport

Workmen Take no Interest in Mechanized Labor in Our Opinion

Prof. W. L. Balthy, surveyor of Westminster Abbey, speaking at Oxford, believes that one of the greatest factors in the tremendous modern development of sport is the divorce of art from labor.

Labor has become so mechanized, he says, that the modern workman often finds it impossible to take an interest in what he is doing. Hence his feverish interest in sport.

Prof. Lethaby sees a dangerous tendency also to call "this look ing away from work."

A Unique Experiment.

At a recent place in Buckhamstead, Eng. recently, twenty couples danced to radio music which couldn't be heard by the spectators. They had all been given receiving sets and were special incongruous headphones. The night club idea is becoming looked almost out to all who did not know of the experiment being tested by scientists who have worked out the problem for three years.

Woman, 97, Walks Five Miles

Mrs. Mary Cosgro, 97-years-old, and her sister, Miss Rachael Hannigan, walked five miles from their home in the country to visit the state fair at Trenton, N.J. Officials found them looking at exhibits. They were put in an automobile and escorted triumphantly through the grounds to see all the sights as guests of the fair.

Motor driven roller skates are a new lad in Germany.

Must Wait And See

Whether Prediction of No Summer in 1927 is Correct or Not

Meteorologists are fighting among themselves over the kind of summer they will give us next year. In their pitched battles on the rain side on one side are the rains who, backed by the Smithsonian Institute, say 1927 will be without any summer, and on the other side are the more scientifically conservative prophets who, supported by the United States weather bureau in Washington, contemn their opponents as "outrageous fakirs and pseudo-scientists."

Yet the weather men of the new school are not so shifty to be dismissed. They advance a theory that may be new but is not untenable. It is, in brief, the theory of solar radiation. As the sun's heat waves vary, so varies the temperature of the earth; and measurement of the sun's heat waves have shown a positive reduction during the last five years, a drop for a year or two in the solar heat, whose great warehouse in the earth is so large that one may never notice of its surface, produces a drop in ocean temperatures, and is thus transmitted to the land.

These long-range forecasters, as distinct from the short-range, or day to day weather prophets, base their conclusions from their knowledge of the sun's heat actions, oceanography, a definite knowledge of weather drifts and the use of highly complex mathematical formulae. If their predictions had not been reasonably reliable their science would not continue to be highly paid for by big manufacturing concerns and farmers' associations in the United States. Besides, it is incredible that the Smithsonian Institute should lend any degree of affirmation to a mere theory if it never accorded due scientific recognition.

Who is right only number will tell us. But it is a fact that the new-born claim it will be, and they predict an unprecedentedly severe season, then, to conform to history, this winter will have to be inordinately rigorous.

Laymen must take what the day brings; the meteorologists answer their own storm. For, all they know, for all those may think, they too, like ourselves, must "wait and see."

Establish Colony On Wrangel Island

Soviets Have Raised Red Flag at Roger's Bay

Whatever others in Canada and the United States may have had to Wrangel Island is held by Soviet opinion to have been conferred with the establishment there of Russia's first colony and the raising of the Red flag.

The new colony settled at Roger's Bay consists of 50 emigrants from the Siberian mainland, taken there by the Soviet ice-breaker Sibiriakov from Nagrskaya. The Soviet Government provided the settlers with money, clothing and food for three years. They form the nucleus of the large colony which the Government hopes to establish.

It is intended to make Wrangel the administrative centre of the Russian Polar regions. Siberian Government officials believe the island is not only of great strategic value to the Soviet Union especially as an aerial base, but that it can be made an important economic and industrial factor. It abounds in furs, fisheries and minerals. Russian observers also report indications of the presence of coal, platinum and oil.

An expedition from the Russian Academy of Sciences is on the island studying the feasibility of making it a base for aerial communication between Russia and North America. Lying about 300 miles from Nome, it offers the shortest air route between Russia, China, Japan and Canada and the United States.

Reason Large Numbers Interested In Sport

Workmen Take no Interest in Mechanized Labor in Our Opinion

Prof. W. L. Balthy, surveyor of Westminster Abbey, speaking at Oxford, believes that one of the greatest factors in the tremendous modern development of sport is the divorce of art from labor.

Labor has become so mechanized, he says, that the modern workman often finds it impossible to take an interest in what he is doing. Hence his feverish interest in sport.

Prof. Lethaby sees a dangerous tendency also to call "this look ing away from work."

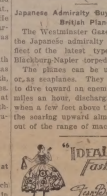
A Unique Experiment.

At a recent place in Buckhamstead, Eng. recently, twenty couples danced to radio music which couldn't be heard by the spectators. They had all been given receiving sets and were special incongruous headphones. The night club idea is becoming looked almost out to all who did not know of the experiment being tested by scientists who have worked out the problem for three years.

Woman, 97, Walks Five Miles

Mrs. Mary Cosgro, 97-years-old, and her sister, Miss Rachael Hannigan, walked five miles from their home in the country to visit the state fair at Trenton, N.J. Officials found them looking at exhibits. They were put in an automobile and escorted triumphantly through the grounds to see all the sights as guests of the fair.

Motor driven roller skates are a new lad in Germany.



Bordered Materials are Smart Features of Frocks

The mode for bordered fabrics finds expression in this simply designed one-piece frock. Stay in your own country," he said, "and make use of the resources at your own door."

Tramp—"I've asked for money, begged for money, and cried for money. Lady—Have you ever tried work for money?

Tramp—No lady, I'm doing the alphabet and I haven't got to "w" yet."

"So you and Harry aren't going to get married this month?"

"No, not for a while, I guess. You see, he paid a year's rent in the bachelor's club in advance."

The maximum recorded temperature in the shade is 134 degrees Fahrenheit, observed at a Greenland Ranch Club.

People who are never in a hurry to begin believe in the theory that it is never too late to mend.

W. N. U. 1459

Pattern Coupon

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. ..... Size. .....

Name .....

Town .....

Duke Charmed With Rockies

The beauties and charm of the Canadian Pacific Rockies have registered strongly upon the tourist, the traffic rider and the mountain climber and of the many expressions of appreciation received at the tourist department of the Canadian Pacific Railway the following was received from Duke Dimitri of Leuchtenberg, Count de Beauharnois, who journeyed with the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies during their recent annual ride from Lake O'Hara to Banff he writes:

"I am terribly sorry that this wonderful summer is coming to an end. This morning's ride was one of the most beautiful and wildest I have ever been in. Lake Louise is really an ideal spot. I shall have about 1,000 feet of film of the prettiest spots of the region surrounding Banff and Lake Louise. We are about to start out for Mt. Assiniboine where we shall go to the Yoho Valley."

The Duke is a lineal descendant of Charles, Marquis de Beauharnois who governed Canada in the name of the French King Louis XV. between 1726 and 1747. He travelled from Cherbourg on the C.P. line Metis, meeting his cousin the Marquis D'Albiac to take part in the 3-day ride of the Trail Riders.

Has Never Accepted Salary

Checks Sent to Governor of Massachusetts Are Not Cashed

Governor Alvan T. Fuller has not accepted his salary from the State of Massachusetts for the past six years, allowing $33,500 to go back into the general funds of the Commonwealth. Congressman he did not take salary from the United States, as least cabinet-governor for four years he did not take the salary of $4,000 a year, and so he has not drawn the $17,500 which he has earned as governor at the rate of $10,000 a year.

The salary checks sent to Roger's Bay consists of 50 emigrants from the Siberian mainland, taken there by the Soviet ice-breaker Sibiriakov from Nagrskaya. The Soviet Government provided the settlers with money, clothing and food for three years. They form the nucleus of the large colony which the Government hopes to establish.

It is intended to make Wrangel the administrative centre of the Russian Polar regions. Siberian Government officials believe the island is not only of great strategic value to the Soviet Union especially as an aerial base, but that it can be made an important economic and industrial factor. It abounds in furs, fisheries and minerals. Russian observers also report indications of the presence of coal, platinum and oil.

An expedition from the Russian Academy of Sciences is on the island studying the feasibility of making it a base for aerial communication between Russia and North America. Lying about 300 miles from Nome, it offers the shortest air route between Russia, China, Japan and Canada and the United States.

Capt. Bernier To Go North Again

Canadian Explorer Looking Forward To New Ventures in Hudson's Bay

Captain Bernier, hero of many exploits in the Arctic, said in regard to the recent action of the Russians in seizing Wrangel Island: "We had no right to do the first place. Personally, I have never approved of the action. Ever since I was a boy I remember that island on every yellow on the map, the color of Siberia." The explorer is looking forward to a new venture next year out of Hudson's Bay.

England's King Never Dies

The King of England never dies. The moment a sovereign passes away, his title, dignity and powers automatically are transferred to the heir apparent, who thereupon becomes "of age" even though he may not have reached his majority.

The best doctors in the world are Dr. Diet, Doctor Quiet, and Doctor Merryman.—Jonathan Swift.

A device that can be attached to any telephone, permitting the use of both hands, is on the market.

The grass-green emerald is found in an almost inaccessible locality in the Salsberg Alps.

From Scotland's Best Experimental Farm

This is one of 23 magnificent Clydesdale stallions which arrived recently on the Anchor-Donaldson freighter Cartella at Montreal. They were none the worse for their long sea voyage from Glasgow, but were enthusiastic over getting ashore again. This shipment of pure-bred horses was bought over by G. C. Pitt, of Richlea, Saskatchewan, where they are now exploring their new Prairie home.

Canada's Relations With United States

"Old Animosity Will Never be Revived Said Hon. Vincent Massey

Hon. Vincent Massey, who is going to Washington as Canadian Minister, in an address before the Canadian club some two years ago on "Some Canadian Problems" made these references to the relations between the United States and Canada: "We live on the borders of a great, powerful, exuberant people engaged in building up their own civilization, and its contribution to the world will be both noble and necessary. And we are bound to them, I am glad to think, by many ties, both personal and national, and externally we resemble them, and must resemble them, for we have under the same physical conditions. But I submit that fundamentally we are a different people, and that if there is any justification for the existence on this continent of two experiments, and two inheritances of one capital here and of another there, the difference must remain different." I do not think that the line which separates us is necessary. It is real because for centuries two civilizations, quite different, that meet there and meet in amity.

"The old animosity between Canada and the United States is dead, and it will never be revived. It seems a long time ago now since there was what we find so often in our nineteenth century literature—a conscious hatred of the United States. We are now on the most friendly terms with the American nation and it was very pleasing to hear the whole audience of the United States say, with all the authority of his great office, on Canada soil, that the political relations between the two peoples had never been either expected or desired by the American people."

West Indies Fear Isolation

What Withdrawal of Canadian Royal Mail Service Means

The Leeward and Windward Islands, West Indies, according to a deputation that waited on Leo Amery, secretary of State for the Dominions, are threatened with isolation through the withdrawal of the vessels of the Canadian Mail Service, and the secretary of the Dominions was requested to take the matter in hand notice of the Canadian Government.

Sir Eustace Pirenes, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands, who headed the deputation, said it was understood that the Canadian Government proposed to withdraw the steamers from the service. He referred to the trade agreement of 1925 between Canada and the West Indies and said Canada, in this agreement, undertook to provide an adequate fortnightly passenger mail and freight service between the Dominion and the Islands.

The deputation, Sir Eustace Pirenes said, did not desire to disparage the kind of good faith on the part of Canada and her action in placing two steamers on the route between the Dominion and the Islands was appreciated, but there were only cargo vessels.

Huge Fortune For Ex-Kaiser

Receives $250,000,000 for Quit Claim Against Germany

A complete settlement has been made between a representative of the former Kaiser, Count Von Bentinck and family, according to Leipsig newspapers, whereby the former kaiser, crown prince and their families agree to get 1,000,000,000 gold marks (about $250,000,000 for a quit claim against Germany.

Before the war the former kaiser's fortune was estimated at $100,000,000, but according to reports, he is to get $250,000,000.

In addition, it is estimated the ex-kaiser has relinquished his claim on many castles.

Wheat Prices

The average for No. 1. Nor. "Cash Wheat" for the month of October during the past fifteen years is as follows: 1912, 95c; 1913, 96c; 1914, $1.13; 1915, 97c; 1916, $1.54; 1917, $2.21; 1918, $2.24; 1919, $2.39; 1920, $2.21; 1921, $1.35; 1922, $1.01; 1923, 97c; 1924, $1.55; 1925, $1.27.

Scientists declare that a colorblind woman is a great rarity.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 17

MOSES HONORED IN HIS DEATH

Golden Text: Precious in the sight of Jehovah is the death of his saints. Psalm 116.15.

Lesson: Deuteronomy 32.45-52; 34. 5-8.

Devotional Reading. Psalm 116.13-19.

Explanations and Comments

1. Moses Exhorts the People. To Observe the Law. 32.45-47. The work of Moses was over. He could not permit the people to remember all the words of the law which he had given him and to command their children to keep to them. I am glad to think, by many ties, both personal and national, and externally we resemble them, and must resemble them, for we have under the same physical conditions. But I submit that fundamentally we are a different people, and that if there is any justification for the existence on this continent of two experiments, and two inheritances of one capital here and of another there, the difference must remain different." I do not think that the line which separates us is necessary. It is real because for centuries two civilizations, quite different, that meet there and meet in amity.

"The old animosity between Canada and the United States is dead, and it will never be revived. It seems a long time ago now since there was what we find so often in our nineteenth century literature—a conscious hatred of the United States. We are now on the most friendly terms with the American nation and it was very pleasing to hear the whole audience of the United States say, with all the authority of his great office, on Canada soil, that the political relations between the two peoples had never been either expected or desired by the American people."

West Indies Fear Isolation

What Withdrawal of Canadian Royal Mail Service Means

The Leeward and Windward Islands, West Indies, according to a deputation that waited on Leo Amery, secretary of State for the Dominions, are threatened with isolation through the withdrawal of the vessels of the Canadian Mail Service, and the secretary of the Dominions was requested to take the matter in hand notice of the Canadian Government.

Sir Eustace Pirenes, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands, who headed the deputation, said it was understood that the Canadian Government proposed to withdraw the steamers from the service. He referred to the trade agreement of 1925 between Canada and the West Indies and said Canada, in this agreement, undertook to provide an adequate fortnightly passenger mail and freight service between the Dominion and the Islands.

The deputation, Sir Eustace Pirenes said, did not desire to disparage the kind of good faith on the part of Canada and her action in placing two steamers on the route between the Dominion and the Islands was appreciated, but there were only cargo vessels.

Huge Fortune For Ex-Kaiser

Receives $250,000,000 for Quit Claim Against Germany

A complete settlement has been made between a representative of the former Kaiser, Count Von Bentinck and family, according to Leipsig newspapers, whereby the former kaiser, crown prince and their families agree to get 1,000,000,000 gold marks (about $250,000,000 for a quit claim against Germany.

Before the war the former kaiser's fortune was estimated at $100,000,000, but according to reports, he is to get $250,000,000.

In addition, it is estimated the ex-kaiser has relinquished his claim on many castles.

Wheat Prices

The average for No. 1. Nor. "Cash Wheat" for the month of October during the past fifteen years is as follows: 1912, 95c; 1913, 96c; 1914, $1.13; 1915, 97c; 1916, $1.54; 1917, $2.21; 1918, $2.24; 1919, $2.39; 1920, $2.21; 1921, $1.35; 1922, $1.01; 1923, 97c; 1924, $1.55; 1925, $1.27.

Scientists declare that a colorblind woman is a great rarity.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 17

MOSES HONORED IN HIS DEATH

Golden Text: Precious in the sight of Jehovah is the death of his saints. Psalm 116.15.

Lesson: Deuteronomy 32.45-52; 34. 5-8.

Devotional Reading. Psalm 116.13-19.

Explanations and Comments

1. Moses Exhorts the People To Observe the Law. 32.45-47. The work of Moses was over. He could not permit the people to remember all the words of the law which he had given him and to command their children to keep to them. I am glad to think, by many ties, both personal and national, and externally we resemble them, and must resemble them, for we have under the same physical conditions. But I submit that fundamentally we are a different people, and that if there is any justification for the existence on this continent of two experiments, and two inheritances of one capital here and of another there, the difference must remain different." I do not think that the line which separates us is necessary. It is real because for centuries two civilizations, quite different, that meet there and meet in amity.

"The old animosity between Canada and the United States is dead, and it will never be revived. It seems a long time ago now since there was what we find so often in our nineteenth century literature—a conscious hatred of the United States. We are now on the most friendly terms with the American nation and it was very pleasing to hear the whole audience of the United States say, with all the authority of his great office, on Canada soil, that the political relations between the two peoples had never been either expected or desired by the American people."

West Indies Fear Isolation

What Withdrawal of Canadian Royal Mail Service Means

The Leeward and Windward Islands, West Indies, according to a deputation that waited on Leo Amery, secretary of State for the Dominions, are threatened with isolation through the withdrawal of the vessels of the Canadian Mail Service, and the secretary of the Dominions was requested to take the matter in hand notice of the Canadian Government.

Sir Eustace Pirenes, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands, who headed the deputation, said it was understood that the Canadian Government proposed to withdraw the steamers from the service. He referred to the trade agreement of 1925 between Canada and the West Indies and said Canada, in this agreement, undertook to provide an adequate fortnightly passenger mail and freight service between the Dominion and the Islands.

The deputation, Sir Eustace Pirenes said, did not desire to disparage the kind of good faith on the part of Canada and her action in placing two steamers on the route between the Dominion and the Islands was appreciated, but there were only cargo vessels.

Immigration And Balanced Production

By C. W. Peterson

Every now and then objections are raised to policies having for their object an increase in Canada's population, on the grounds that we have not yet completely solved our industrial unemployment problem and, therefore, should not add to our present difficulties. Such objections are based on a complete misapprehension. They would undoubtedly be valid in fully developed, overpopulated countries, but that line of reasoning cannot conceivably be applied to a new country like Canada. One family placed on a farm will create employment for from one to two additional families in our towns through its own consumption of commodities, machinery and the like and through producing the raw material of urban industry.

The recent European war and its aftermath brought home to the world a multitude of unsuspected truths here, many of them as old as the hills, but up to that time wholly unrecognized. One of the outstanding lessons taught mankind was that there is absolutely no limit to the amount of work to be done in this world, or to the amount of business to be developed. The truth is that over-production is inconceivable. The purchasing power of every country lies in the power of production and the more each country produces, the greater may be its trade with other countries, and the more they all produce together, the greater the variety of comforts and necessities available for the use of each population. We have not even approached within measurable distance of satisfying reasonable human wants leave alone over, supplying them.

What Canada, and many other countries, need is not fewer but more workers, years, and what has given rise to present unemployment. Is not over-production with plunderous periodicity. While Canada's population has been unequally distributed, our aggregate has been fairly steady and until lately below our minimum natural requirements. With millions of acres of the world's richest agricultural lands lying idle, and undeveloped, and the world clamoring for food, it is paradoxical to harbor an unemployment problem. Widespread unemployment under such conditions is prima facie evidence of bankrupt statesmanship in which the intellectual intelligence and energy has not been focussed on the solution of a problem which obviously should not exist, and which by well known and proven methods, namely, the augmentation of core productive, and industrial populations, which would speedily find full time employment for our industrial plant.

Canadian Stamps Not Sufficient

Parcels for U.S. Air Service Must Carry American Postage

Attention of post office authorities has been called to the postage required on articles mailed for conveyance by United States air mail services. Articles posted in Canada for delivery through this service must be properly prepaid with Canadian postage and the aerial postage should be supplemented by United States postage stamps or by special air mail stamps issued by the United States service.

The rate is eight cents per ounce or fraction thereof for the additional five cents for each zone traversed by the United States continental air mail service between New York and San Francisco there are three zones, which would require the addition of 15 cents. Post office officials state there has not been a heavy demand for the United States postage. Notification has been received that several parcels for the air mail have been prepaid only with Canadian postage.

Tea Etiquette In Japan

People Have Rule by Which Tea is Made

In Tokio, not long ago, a single tea cup that belonged to the late Marquis Kawaya was sold for 1,000 yen. It was painted by a famous artist, Gosse Haru.

Drinking tea is one way the Japanese have of embroidering the stuff of nature and making life interesting. The Japanese even have their "Holy Scripture of Tea," which directs exactly how tea shall be made so that the leaf shall float in water, a mist rising out of a ravine and be wet and soft like fine earth newly swept by rain." Centuries ago a Japanese named Riku Tyusnod the tea cup and wrote an elaborate code of tea etiquette that is unchanged to this day.

Had Thrilling Escapes

Lady Hammond Bruce and Frederick A. Mitchell-Hedges, explorer, recently returned to England from Central America, bringing what they claim is the only collection in the world of relics of the Chibchas Indians, ancient inhabitants of Colombia. They described thrilling escapes in the Caribbean sea, their boat being attacked by huge tiger sharks."

Belle—"What do you do when you see a beautiful—an extremely beautiful girl?"

Peggy—"Oh, I look a while, and then I get tired and lay the mirror down."

A French scientist claims that a motor fuel, similar to gasoline, can be made from vegetable oils.

He who lives for self and self alone is a successful failure.

Blemishes and Irritations Quickly Disappear

When Cuticura is used. Bathe with the Soap and hot water, dry gently and anoint with the Ointment. This treatment not only soothes and heals roughby and annoying pimples, rashes and skin irritations but tends to prevent such conditions.

Sample Each Free by Mail Address: Cuticura, Dept. X, Malden, Mass. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

German Soldier Has Returned War Loot

Took Silverware From Chateau Where He Was Billeted

The mayor of the town of Ham, near Amiens, which was occupied by the Germans during the war, has received a bulky, heavy registered package, postmarked Allbura, Germany. The official feared it contained an infernal machine and had firemen unpack the box.

Inside was discovered a quantity of silverware, knife, forks, spoons, and plates with a letter saying:

"I was a German soldier billeted in a chateau near Ham during the war, and I took these things as souvenirs. I am ignorant of the name of the owner of the property, but he doubtless can be identified by the crest and monogram on the silverware. My conscious hurts me and I am hereby returning the property."

The authorities of Ham are seeking the owner of the silverware.

Strange, Romantic Love Adventures of the Happier you know!

Joanna

by H. L. GATES

Copyright 1925 by H. L. GATES

Published by arrangement with First National Pictures, Inc.

CHAPTER XVI.—Continued

As Yvonne moved through her rooms with a word here and a nod there, her eyes sought a single face. When she talked and laughed it was to the Butler who stood at the post in the reception hall. The man's eyes for the butterfly she sought.

"Mr. Brandon has just arrived, Madame."

She went at once, stopping only for a subtle challenge to a police way that day had delivered them his bench, a hasty apology, the reality of a modern mother, to a door that led off from the reception hall into a tiny room which, after the Continental fashion, she called a "smoking room" reserved for her own exclusive use. Brandon stood by a cabinet with a stiphon, and glass in his hands. He turned to greet her.

She went directly up to him. His eyes boy at her glance. They are not only appraised her. But estimated every article of her. For an instant she swayed toward him, thinking to accept. But she read in his face that he would not take her in his arms. She was immediately self-possessed. Gayly she fluttered her fingers across her own lips and then touched them, lightly, to his. "Am I pleasing to my host?" she demanded, dropping him a mock curtsey.

"That's an idle pretense, that question," he replied. "What you really want to know is, are you tempting."

"A woman never asks that," she retorted, "unless she help to settle by any such curiosity."

"I fancy that point might be argued," he observed. "But we will concede it. You are very beautiful, which pleases me, and very alluring, which gratifies you. What more shall either of us desire?"

Some quick reply, perhaps a pertinent or some sort, hovered at her lips, but she did not utter it. "Nothing more," she said, "and thank you. If I have done my own attractions justice, perhaps I will accept a drink. I have done even more—that I have made two women beautiful, tonight, for some one stranger."

"You mean the girl, of course. But her—"

She looked up at him, steadily. She spoke softly. There was no trace of bitterness, or even accusation, in her tone, but there was something behind in it. "I believe you are going to tear this girl to pieces, if you can. Whether it is because you do not approve the bizarre effect she created, or wish to fit her up, and you merely want to pull her down, I don't know. I think there is something stronger than that in your mind. But I am of the opinion, my dear, that it won't be so easy." When she noticed, she turned away from him stiffly. There was a tinge of color in her pale cheeks.

"You are kind, Brandon said presently. "And, I think, just a bit piqued. It is a delightful mood. If one or two words more did bring out that, I fancy it is more likely to be you than I."

She gave him a bright smile. The color had gone from her cheeks, and she was taunting again. "Now you are accusing me of the possibility of jealousy. I've never known my host like this. Not, even, for you I served you will likely be losing her his keeping. Teddy, Dorminster and Boddy. Kew-Rworth already are devoted to her. Teddy has assured me he'd wager a trade all his married women, in one grand bunch for her. And Boddy declares that she is more to be desired than champagne. So you must admit I'm generous—two of my devotees all that she should be lost. You are hovering about them. I shall—"

She paused. For some reason she dreaded, suddenly, to hear light a cigarette and point toward the cabinet where glasses and bottles were. "A little wine, please," she commanded. "Then he had brought her glass, he said:

"You were about to say something about Dorminster."

"I was about to say that probably I shall learn some things I really want to know about Dorminster, but they will be interesting. Come. It is time she made her entrance. Everybody will be waiting to drink to fully appreciate her."

Together they passed into the reception room. Through the wide doors, by which parties were banked, strains of dance music floated down from an orchestra hidden on a mezzanine balcony that crossed one end of the high ceilinged room reaching off on either side from the doors through which a broad hardwood stairway that sloped down majestically into the drawing room itself. A woman already knew her host. She was descending a stairway," was one of Yvonne's pet assertions. She had had this one especially built into just this one.

At the fringe of the dancing crowd on the floor she will encounter Lady Kenilworth talked together, both men searching the throng for guests to whom they might be presented. Number, and Brandon, immediately. Both asked for Joanna when they had hurried to pay their compliments. Both were denied. Yvonne demonstrated. And she admonished them: "There must be no stealing her away for selfish purposes. I want her to know everyone, tonight."

Brandon touched her arm. "Here for some one stranger," he reminded her, coyly, perhaps, about an hour alone with her," he said, indicating a young man who had come to a pause at the end coat to the doorman and who, evidently a stranger in a strange house, kept at there was something in the air. In it. "I believe you are going to tear this girl to pieces, if you can. Whether it is because you do not approve the bizarre effect she created, or wish to fit her up, and you merely want to pull her down, I don't know. I think there is something stronger than that in your mind. But I am of the opinion, my dear, that it won't be so easy."

When she noticed, she turned away from him stiffly. There was a tinge of color in her pale cheeks.

"You are kind, Brandon said presently. "And, I think, just a bit piqued. It is a delightful mood. If one or two words more did bring out that, I fancy it is more likely to be you than I."

She gave him a bright smile. The color had gone from her cheeks, and she was taunting again. "Now you are accusing me of the possibility of jealousy. I've never known my host like this. Not, even, for you I served you will likely be losing her his keeping. Teddy, Dorminster and Boddy. Kew-

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

RHEUMATISM, BACKACHE, DROPSY & DIABETES

NUMBER 4087 THE PROPRIETORS

Thief! Is What He Calls Headache

Brooklyn.—Mr. Richard A. Davidson writes—"A headache is a thief because it has figured up the number of days I have unable to go to work on account of a sick headache, it would amount to hundreds of dollars. I have found the best relief for sick headache is Carter's Little Liver Pills. They have rarely failed to clear my stomach and they tone up my stomach and bowels in fine shape."

Chronic sick headache is many times irregular bowel movement. Try Carter's Little Liver Pills. Druggists, 25 and 75c red packages.

of the efforts of it. But, as unexpectedly as the wind had subsided, there was a general commotion, and then a hush. The four men, John among them, stepped through the patio flanked doorway and into the larger room. Yvonne, completely, beautiful, a striking figure in the shimmer of her black and the sparkle of the diamonds at her throat, stood a few steps up on the stairway. Her active, silver tinkling in it, floated over the assemblage—the assemblage of those who were good enough not to greet.

"My friends," she called to them, "I am in a darling mood tonight. Just how, and why, some of you will endeavor to guess quickly. I am about to tell you something that is very fragile, and new, and fresh, and something eager to be shaped into the fine fashions of the day. It is just a girl whom I have taken very close to me and who I think she should be the first to see. Some of you will disagree with her, and, perhaps, plan to make her different. Others will have ideas of their own. I commend her, to all of you—and am curious to know whether it shall be you, or her, who profits most."

She raised her jeweled hand, with the manner of wondering voices grew, and gave a signal.

(To be continued)

Is Kept Fairly Busy

B.C. Editor Apologizes for Recent Lack of Local Items

The most ambitious and hardworking newspaper man in the world has been discovered by the Provincial Bureau of British Columbia. A note in the Interior News, published at Smithers, apologizes for a short delay in the appearance of a recent number of the journal. The editor qualifies the apology by explaining that everything that it is not always easy to run the paper out when you come to consider that he is also the secretary-treasurer of the Board of Trade, the Athletic Association, the Public Hall and a member of the Town Council—to say nothing of the duties as secretary of the Polo Field and about half a dozen other things.

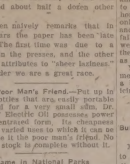
He then naively remarks that in four years the paper has been late twice. The first time was due to a shortage of presses, and the last time he attributes to "sheer laziness." No wonder we are a great race.

The Poor Man's Friend—Put up in cents and all may easily enjoy it. And for a very small sum, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil possesses power over concentrated form. Try a bottle and find varied uses to which it can be applied. For poor man's friend. The dealer's stock is complete without it.

Game in National Parks

Due to the fact that all the Canadian National Parks are game sanctuaries, there no one without permission may carry a gun or kill any animal, or bird, while he is therein, or even have it in his possession. Violators are severely punished.

FOR "Cholera Infantum" MOTHERS SHOULD USE



This valuable preparation has been on the market for over 50 years, and has no equal for checking the vomiting, purging and diarrhoea of cholera infantum.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Lodger—This towel's so small I can't dry myself properly on it.

Landlady—Well, can't you use less water?—Passing Show, London.

Other people's mistakes cause us a lot of unnecessary trouble.

MURINE for Your Eyes

Refreshes Tired Eyes

Wards Off "Sore Eyes" Clear, Cool, Soothing

Dress For Comfort And Not Appearance

Radio Artists Mostly the Reverse of Smartly Dressed

It is quite as well that radio listeners do not see the artists who are performing. Fine pleasing impressions might be dispelled. Listeners do not know how they look, but when a beautiful soprano voice or a heavenly tenor is heard it is easy to picture a beautiful lady or a romantic figure of a man.

Not so. Sitting close to behind the scenes has been helping, and it is said that the artists mostly are the reverse of smartly dressed and look nothing like the part they are enacting. Famous indies are reported to be attired in a manner more fitted for comfort than appearance, and scenes who thrill the audiences with passionate lyric airs from the operas are described as looking like frumps. Comfort only counts and vests off, shirts collar and tie, and with the neck of their shirts rolled back. The reason given for the formal or stage attire hamper their vocalism.

There is a famous tenor who always puts on a dress suit when he sings before a microphone, although without this garment he affects that the broadcasting station. When his friends laughed at him he said: "When I am properly dressed I feel good and I can sing with more enjoyment. My unseen audience gets better results."

There is a great deal to be said for that. Everybody knows the tonic effect of new shoes or of putting on a "dress suit." There is a heavenly calm in smart attire, which shows itself in buoyancy of heart and therefore of voice.

When a singer isn't making the best of his song over the radio, we may apologize by saying in the formula: "Go and put a dress suit on!"

GIRLS AND WOMEN NEED RICH BLOOD

This Lady Found Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a Blood Builder

Just because she is a woman there are times when every woman needs help and that is in the form of the blood-building tonic.

To thousands of girls and women Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a blessing because they actually build blood, give strength and restore tone to the whole system. Every girl who is languid and pale, the wife who is fainting and breathless; the matron whose health fails as she reaches middle age—for all such suffering Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a valuable tonic. Mrs. Elizabeth Bailey, of Lockeport, N.S., says: "My blood or immillient blood. These pills have proved a blessing to those same of others, why not you? At all dealers or from The Dr. Williams, Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Speed of Hurricanes

Bulletin Explains Why Accounts of Velocity Vary

Many people have been puzzled how to reconcile the apparently widely different accounts of the velocity of the wind during the West Indian hurricane that struck the southeastern coast of the United States on the 18th. Reports in one place of winds moving at the rate of 120 miles an hour, and in another that the wind velocity had become passed over the country at the rate of forty miles an hour. A bulletin on hurricanes issued by the National Geography Society of the United States not only explains the peculiarities of the storm, but provides answers to various questions that occur to the interested layman.

"Surrounding the article's statement says, "are not winds that drive straight ahead. They are swirls of the cyclone type. Hence while the storm centres move relatively slowly across land and sea, sometimes at no greater speed than twenty miles an hour. But they suck air towards them from all sides at terrific speeds, up to a hundred or more miles an hour. These West Indian hurricanes, anticipated every year on the Gulf coast, are probably as old as the Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of the region continent. The first storm of the kind on record "devastated parts of Cuba in 1494."

For years Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has ranked as a reliable worm preparation and it always maintains its reputation.

There is nothing so tiresome as a woman who is vain of her beauty—unless it is a man who is vain of what he is pleased to call his brains.

It is estimated that the people of the United States have spent one billion dollars for chewsuds in the last fifty-five years.

A bore is a man who talks about his rheumatism instead of letting you talk about your asthma.

Fast cure!—Minard's Liniment.

Children's Colds

Are best treated externally. Check them overnight without dosing. Rub well on throat, chest and back at bedtime.

VICKS VAPORUB

EUROPE and Return only $155.00

Why put off that visit to the Old Country? It can be made so economically NOW, by travelling Third Class, Cunard or Anchor-Donaldson Service.

You travel in perfect comfort. Cabins are roomy and well-ventilated. Public rooms and smoking rooms are handsomely appointed. Spacious decks invite you to stroll in the bracing sea air. Menus present a wide variety of wholesome foods.

England, Scotland, and the Continent are delightful in the early Fall. Make your reservations now.

Ask your steamship agent about the St. Lawrence Service, or write—

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO. LIMITED,
270 Main Street, Winnipeg, Man.
—OR—
204 Lesson-Lineham Block 209, 8th Ave. West, Calgary, Alta.

CUNARD ANCHOR-DONALDSON CANADIAN SERVICE

A Defense Of Gossip

Keeps More Men Straight Than The Police Do.

I am possibly the only man living who has spoken a good word for gossip, which keeps more men straight than do policemen.

A fine does not fear gossip, but a halfway respectable man does, and heeds it. Gossip is a tremendous power. It regulates the better inclinations.

Ask a banker: gossip may ruin him over night.

We get life truth in gossip; rarely in newspapers, speeches, and sermons. Gossip is vicious, but it is also free and candid; by wasted out the false exaggerations, we get the truth about every situation.

Gossip discovers everything more than it deserves, but finally settles on the real facts; idealism pushes everything more than it deserves and never reaches the truth.

It's a pity the law does not bear gossip as much as the neighbors. But it does not, and we are entitled to protection while the slow-moving Law is getting out a warrant and summoning witnesses; most of whom will not testify as candidly in court as they do to the neighbors.

This protection we get from gossip. If gossip declares up and down the street today that a certain man was last night seen entering a certain house where he had no business, he will keep away from there tonight.

Finally the gossip will get around to the sheriff, and, if of sufficiently serious nature, he will investigate tomorrow.

A man named Pinkerton has organized a detective agency. All the Pinkerton reports to the prosecuting attorney or grand jury have been due up by gossip.

Statistics show United States' government weather forecasts are correct nine times out of ten.

Girls! Good Health Adds To Your Personality— Makes You Attractive To Men

Bright eyes, a clear complexion, rosy cheeks, sanitation, make for beauty every charm. A well woman is always beautiful.

Take a bottle or two of that well-known herbal Tonic, which has stood the test of time, namely,

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Thousands in every Province have testified that instead of being jaded, weak and tired this Discovery gave them renewed vitality.

All Druggists

In either fluid or tablet form.

A Plea For Happiness

Late Senator David Writes a Sermon in His Will

Interesting it its self revelation is the will of the late Senator David—"literary man of first excellence in Canada," who died recently.

"I must include my sons-in-law, in the statement I make regarding my children: I thank them for the sympathy and kindness they have always shown toward me and which I have been happy to find in the house I am passing the last year of my life.

"To all members of my family I make a request, for mutual aid, for life in peace and harmony. Happiness on earth consists in great part in giving happiness to those with whom one lives, in being able to excuse and pardon offences, often insignificant and done without malice in a moment of irritation, in conquering pride, mastering the feeling which does not know how to pardon and forgive. Who never makes mistakes?"

Men Good Window Shoppers

Experiment Indicates They Stop to Look Oftener Than Women Do

Men spend more time window shopping than women do, it was revealed by experiments conducted in 125th street, New York, by the Columbia University School of Business, according to Dr. H. K. Nixon.

The experiments indicated that "men and women showed about the same interest as measured by time and a woman looking in the window at the same time attracted more attention to the window than either a man or a woman alone.

Britishers Not So Slow

Americans Rush But Do Not Accomplish Any More

It is extremely doubtful whether the American in any class really works harder than the average Englishman of the same class. The American bustages may stay rush in to a restaurant as though the devil were after him, and gulp down his quick lunch in the time that an Englishman would employ in studying the bill of fare. But he sit quite a while afterwards cleaning his teeth, and on the way back to his office it is odds that he will make a good deal more watching a nigger working a crane. The American is not a real hare and the Englishman is by no means the tortoise he is sometimes supposed to be.

New Discovery Kills Catarrh Germ Gives Quick Relief

Nasal catarrh clogged nostrils, inflamate and annoying head colds, dull headaches, sinus congestion, sneezing, hawking and snuffling are overcome almost by the amazing power of Green Wonderful Drug. A few drops of this powerful but home treatment, positively harmless to the most delicate tissues, relieves the nasal passages so that all breathing may be free and easy. Then the germs that cause these conditions are cleaned like magic—you breathe freely by nature. Antiseptic and healing, this old but fresh treatment clears and clears and clears. Thousands of letters have been received from grateful users. Sold by druggists the world over. Send for booklet to thousands of catarrh sufferers who found it—full particulars and directions to supply Green Wonderful Balm as a home treatment. Write to Dr. Blosser, Dept. 1, Kansas City, Mo. Don't suffer from many treatments you have used without success—if you really want relief from catarrh, don't miss this opportunity to try this wonderful treatment. Write today. Regular 1 size bottle will last for weeks. A 50c box will last for weeks.

Little Helps For This Week

Be not overcome—of evil, but overcome evil with good.—Rom. xii. 21.

The common problem, yours, mine, every one's,
Is not to fancy what were fair in life,
Provided it could be, but finding first
What may be, then find how to make it fair.

—Robert Browning.

This world is a world of work, and these men are our brothers. We must not banish from us the divine breath; we must love, fathomless be conquered by good; and before all things, one must keep a pure conscience.

—Henri Frederic Amiel.

He was in a smallish way of business and his creditors were pressing him severely. So he wrote to one of them as follows:

"Dear Sir,—I see you are asking for a cheque or cash to settle your account. If you want a cheque, I can send it at once. But if it's cash, you'll have to wait."

The Oil for the Farmer.—A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the farm house will save many a journey for the doctor. It is good for the children when taken with colds and croup, and for, the mature who suffer from pains and aches, but there are directions for its use on each bottle.

"This is a hard world," said Pat, as he knocked off for the day. "Yis," said Mike, "Of be thinking the same ivery toime I put me pick into it."

Vanity is about the only intellectual entertainment some people seem to have.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Keep your horses working with "SPOHN'S." Standard remedy for 32 years for Distemper, Coughs, Influenza, Coughs and Colds. Gives the stiff and tissue action to the whole body. Acts on the blood. Is not a purge. Destroys disease germs. Use according to directions. Safe for young or old. Sold by druggists. Write for free booklet. At Horsemen. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Dept. 37, GOSHEN, IND.

Stays Lit in Any Wind— Does Not Smoke

SMP BEACON LANTERNS

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Borden's ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED MILK

Makes fine cream soups, delicious creamed dishes, gravies and beverages.

Use it wherever the recipe calls for milk

SoC 31-26

Policeman Spoiled Wager

Arrested Man Climbing the Eiffel Tower in Paris

Up the Eiffel Tower in Paris a man was seen climbing. He was nearly 900 feet up, or almost half-way to the top of the famous tower, a policeman ran to the lift and rushed to the second platform. When the daring climber got to that on the second platform after some perilous manoeuvring the policeman handcuffed him and brought him back to earth by means of the lift. The man was taken to the police station where he stated that he was trying to climb the tower to win a bet when the policeman caused him to lose his wager.

Don't think because a judge is small that he isn't a fine-imposing man.

Temptation is the balance in which character is weighed.

HURT ?

Ease the pain with Minard's. It relieves inflammation soothes and heals.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

EARN WHILE YOU LEARN a Beauty Specialist Become

IN SPARE TIME Make Easy $30 to $50 a Week

Learn Beauty Culture at Home. Thousands of successful graduates. Diploma granted. Booklet free. Write today. Canadian Correspondence School of Cosmetology, Dept. 1, 1433 Bloor St. West, Toronto, Ont.

SALESMEN—We offer steady connections to reliable men who will sell our complete and exclusive lines of hardy, guaranteed stock, fresh dug-to order trees and plants. Attractive illustrated samples and full opportunity. Lake Brothers Nurseries, Montreal.

BAD BREATH?

Don't offend your friends. Get at the cause—sweeten the stomach and make bowels active with

Chamberlain's Tablets

For Stomach and Liver—25c

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION No. 1 THERAPION No. 2 THERAPION No. 3

Sold by Druggists. Price $5.00 per box. Most Economical and Powerful Treatment for Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sexual Weakness, Etc. Write for Pamphlet. Sole Agents for Canada, THE FRANCO-HUNGARIAN DRUG CO., 8, Front Sherbrooke, Que., Canada.

SPECIAL TRAINS

—TO THE SEABOARD FOR—

OLD COUNTRY SAILINGS

SPECIAL SLEEPING CARS

From Vancouver, Edmonton, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina

consolidating with special trains to the seaboard, to connect with various Christmas sailings, as follows:

FIRST TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., November 23, to Montreal, for sailing of S.S. "Athenia," Nov. 25, to Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow.

SECOND TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., November 25, to Quebec (direct via north line), for sailing of S.S. "Regina," Nov. 27, to Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool.

THIRD TRAIN leave Winnipeg 4:30 p.m., December 2, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Pennland," Dec. 5, to Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Antwerp.

FOURTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., December 8, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Letitia," Dec. 12, to Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow.

FIFTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 4:30 p.m., December 9, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Dalida," Dec. 13, to Queenstown, Liverpool.

SIXTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., December 16, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Antonia," Dec. 19, to Plymouth, Cherbourg, and London.

THROUGH TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

will be operated (if traffic warrants) from

VANCOUVER, EDMONTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON, REGINA, FOR

S.S. "STOCKHOLM," December 6, from Halifax to Gothenburg.
S.S. "ESTONIA," December 9, from Halifax to Copenhagen.
S.S. "FREDERIK VIII," December 16, from Halifax, to Christiansand, Oslo, Copenhagen.

We will be pleased to give you full details.

E. M. BIGELOW, Agent. Phone 58, Delia.
Or write J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, Edmonton.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Speed up Business with

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET

CHEVROLET Coupes for salesmen's use and Chevrolet Utility Express for hauling and delivery are speeding up business for thousands of firms in Canada. Careful owner records show that Chevrolet pays for itself many times over in lower operating costs, in freedom from tie-up, and in longer life. These records prove beyond doubt that Chevrolet cars and trucks provide the utmost economy of transportation in commercial use. Ask your Chevrolet dealer to show you the reports of actual Chevrolet owners. They may suggest ways in which Chevrolet can speed up your business and cut down your costs.

The Smoothest Chevrolet in Chevrolet history is selling at the Lowest Price for which Chevrolet has ever been sold in Canada. Ask about GMAC Plan of Deferred Payments.

Roadster	$640	Coupe	$610	Sedan	$920
Sport "	715	Coach	810	Landau Sedan	870
Touring	640	Commercial Chassis			495
Sport "	715	Utility Express "			730

All Prices at Factory — *Taxes Extra* — CP-6048

A. C. PULLAR, Agent, Central Garage, Delia. Phone 16

Auction Sales

THE RIGHT Auctioneer is often responsible for turning what might have been a very ordinary Sale into a real success.

Both buyer and seller can be satisfied by an experienced and capable Auctioneer.

Write for Dates to

W. E. Fitzsimmons

AUCTIONEER

HANNA, - Alta.

Fall Planting Time

Beautiful Field Grown PEONIES, DAHLIAS, BUSH FRUIT and PLANTS.

Apple, Plum, and Ornamental Trees

THE HARTMAN NURSERY

DELIA.

Leslie Stephens

REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE, FIRE, HAIL, LIFE.
Registered Births, Marriages, Deaths.
Marriage Licenses.
Official Auditor.
Auto Car Licensed for Sale.
Commissioner for Oaths.
Game Licenses Issued.
Public Stenographer.

TOWN HALL. - DELIA, Alta.

Thos. F. Rieger

MERCHANT TAILOR

Suits and Overcoats made to measure
Cleaning, Pressing, and Repairing
DELIA, - - ALTA.

Delia Bakery

Fresh Bread Daily

FRESH CAKES
PIES and PASTRIES
Phone 55

The Car

1927 Model

For ECONOMY, DURABILITY, BEAUTY, PERFORMANCE, POWER AND SPEED

STAR Fours & Sixes, Hupmobiles Sixes and Eights

I. SMART, Local Agent

W. C. King

AUCTIONEER and VALUER,
Phone 42, Delia

D. L. Sloan

BARRISTER SOLICITOR
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

Dr. A. E. Kydd

DELIA - ALTA
Phone 18

Dr. F. J. Netherton

RESIDENT
DENTIST
G.W.V.A. Club DELIA

W. N. GRABURN, LL.B.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
DELIA, - ALBERTA
Phone 12

W. A. LOW, LL.B.,

BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
MONEY TO LOAN
DELIA, Alberta

power of the Canadian farmer is increased. The Canadian farmer then purchases more goods from the cities and towns, and the purchasing power of the industrial worker is increased, and he in turn buys more wheat, with the result that Canadian wheat consumption tends to be higher in years of good crops than in poor years.

Forecasts and estimates for the wheat crops in twenty-seven countries in the Northern Hemisphere, producing about 85 per cent. of the world's wheat supply, indicates a total production of 2,861 million bushels for 1926, an increase of 1.2 per cent. over the production of those countries in 1925. No record crops and no crop failures have been reported, and a more normal world distribution of the crop is to be anticipated this year than in the past few years. Last year, Europe's large crops resulted in unusually small shipments to European ports, while the surplus supply was absorbed by heavy shipments to the Orient.

Since crops of European importing countries promise to be smaller than last year and their carry-overs are moderately low, and since larger supplies promise to be available in exporting countries as a whole, international trade in 1926-27 is likely to be somewhat larger than in 1925-26, but smaller than in the two preceding years. Steady improvement in European stability is a further factor which gives promise that Europe will continue to buy wheat in good volume in the face of crop reductions this year. Constant study of the course of probable future demand is just as important a factor in the world wheat situation as are estimates and forecasts concerning supply.

The official estimate of Canada's current wheat crop was revised upward on September 10th, to 399,008,000 bushels. Since that date, however, adverse weather conditions have prevailed in the prairie provinces, resulting in a general lowering of grades, not only of wheat, but also of coarse grains. Reports indicate, however, that the volume of production will not be seriously affected. A good portion of the wheat has now been threshed, the heavy fall of hail and rain one night last week delaying operations locally, which otherwise would have been completed within a fortnight.

IMPORTS TO NEW ZEALAND

Canadian onions in New Zealand are the subject of a recent letter from the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner in Auckland. He writes that "Last year the total imports of onions into New Zealand amounted to 2,227 tons, of which Canada is credited with 1,586 tons (valued at $96,000), followed by Japan with 865 and by Australia with 476 tons. The United States exporters can forward their onions somewhat earlier than can exporters from British Columbia, but the excellent quality of the Canadian product should to a certain extent influence prospective customers in New Zealand to defer purchasing until Canadian supplies are available provided that the price is competitive. The duty under the British preferential tariff is £1 per ton and under the general tariff £1.10s per ton, so that Canadian shippers have an advantage of 10s ($2.44) per ton of 2,240 pounds. Onions has been an important source of supply, particularly for early shipment, and supplies from Japan are expected to arrive in this market about the end of July and continue during August.

The packing of Canadian onions has latterly been all that could be desired. The usual method is to wire strap the crates with two straps, one near each end. There has been little damage from cases breaking, particularly last season, and it is confidently anticipated that the same method will be employed this year."

STONELAW NEWS

Mr. Frank Deisman, of Gopher Head P. O., is on crutches, he being kicked by a horse last week.

Mrs. C. Erbe and Miss Mary Schultz were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Limpert on Thursday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Godwin, of Big Valley, a daughter, on October 26.

Mrs. Curvin has been ill for a week.

Mr. Jack Reeves has just completed a nice new barn on his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Erbe and family motored to Stettler on Monday, October 11.

TAX NOTICE

The Ratepayers of the M.D. Michichi, No. 277, are hereby advised that in accordance with the terms of the Tax Recovery Act a caveat will be filed on or about November 1st, 1926, against each parcel of land in arrears of taxes. Kindly note and save costs of this action.

W. S. TURNER, Sec.-Treas.
41-43b

VILLAGE OF DELIA

TENDERS for 200 yards of burnt red brick, hauling of same from the farm of Mr. Jos Marshall, to Delia, and spreading on the Street, will be received on or before the 25th October next, at the Town Hall, Delia.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Specifications can be seen at the Town Hall.

LESLIE STEPHENS,
Secretary Treasurer.
Delia, Alta., Oct. 13th, 1926. 42a

FOR SALE

A good Milch Cow, just freshened. Apply to

E. E. GILLRIE, Delia.
Phone 1804. 41-3p

LOST -

A spare tire, Goodyear balloon, size 30x225, between Craigmyle and Delia. Reward given. Finder write Box 250, Calgary Brewery, Ltd.

J. E. ROGERS, Drumheller.
Phones 361 and 124.
41-2a

LOST

Four Blankets, between Delia and four miles north. Finder please notify this office, or phone to

CHAS. J. McDOWELL,
Drumheller, Alta.
41a

FOR SALE OR RENT

Seven-roomed House for Sale or Rent; close to Church. Good water. Apply

THE POSTMASTER,
Michichi P.O.
t.f.

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1926

THE WORLD'S WHEAT CROP

The world over, increased prosperity increases wheat consumption, and wheat production itself is one factor in that prosperity. When Canada produces a large wheat crop selling at a good price, the buying

Local and District

Carl Neilsen left on Wednesday morning's train for his home in Vancouver, B.C.

* * *

All subscribers who missed receiving their copies of the Times last week will please notify us of the fact.

* * *

The raise in the new telephone rates come into effect this month, with $1.00 extra for business, and 50c for private phones.

* * *

Mr and Mrs R. W. Watson recently returned home after spending two months visiting in the United States.

* * *

Fraternity Lodge, No. 130, I. O. O. F., will hold a dance in Mason's Hall on Friday, October the 22nd. Everyone welcome.—Advt.

* * *

Owing to adverse weather threshing has again been held up all week. At present conditions appear more favourable, and prospects are good for an early start.

* * *

A lengthened report of the Hand Hills Constituency Conference of the W. I., held at Drumheller on Oct. 4, has been unavoidably held over until next week.

* * *

The total rainfall in this district for the month of September, as reported by the Delia meteorological station, was 2.39 inches. The lowest temperature was 10 above.

* * *

The Sentinel Hill W. I. will meet at the home of Mrs. Robt. Morrison on Thursday, Oct. 21st. Roll Call to be answered with the names of those who have been makers of Canada.

* * *

Mrs. H. C. Fraser, of Galva, Iowa, who has been staying with her son and daughter-in-law, Mr and Mrs. Ernest Sprouse, left on Wednesday for Caldwell, Idaho, where she will spend the winter. Mrs. Fraser was accompanied by Master Bobby Sprouse, who will attend school in Caldwell.

* * *

An interesting class-recital was held at the home of Mrs. A. S. Newcombe on Saturday afternoon, when the following pupils entertained their parents and friends:—Jimmy Goslee, Bella Hewson, Marjorie Grant, Marion Bigelow, Evelyn Tuddenham, Jean Carter, Marie McFadden, and Evelyn Bigelow. Mrs. A. S. Newcombe, teacher.

* * *

W. C. Clark, inspector and sanitary sub-officer, has been making the rounds of the village this week inspecting stove pipes, furnaces, etc., he found it necessary to make prosecutions in some cases. All those whose premises are not in order in compliance with the law it would be advisable to have any defects remedied at once.

* * *

The regular monthly meeting of the Parent Teachers' Association was held in the church on Monday evening, when there were a splendid turn-out of members. A piano solo by Miss Dorothy Walker was splendidly rendered, after which Mr. O. S. Stanley, manager of the local branch of Bank of Montreal, gave a talk on "Banking as a Profession."

* * *

S. J. Stewart, the new manager of the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and successor to D. A. Stuart, with his wife and family has now taken up residence in the house formerly occupied by his predecessor on Fourth Avenue. Previous to coming here Mr. Stewart was manager of the Canadian Bank of commerce at Vulcan.

Word comes from Fish Lake that it is surmised George Proudfoot has quietly slipped off and got married. He has been missing from the ranch this last three weeks, and some are of the opinion this is a sign of him having entered the ranks of the benedicts.

* * *

The Oration and Spelling Contest, which is to be held in Mason's Hall on Friday evening, November 12th, will again be under the auspices of the Women's Institute and Ladies' Aid. All entries for the oration contest must be in by October 15th. On receipt of the entries, a letter containing rules and subjects will be mailed to each teacher in the district. For information regarding the oration contact phone 54. Entries for spelling competition need not be in before November 6th. Admission 25c.—Advt.

MAJESTIC AND FARRELL LAKE NEWS.

A chicken supper, three booth bazaar, and Hallowe'en dance will be held at the Springwater School Friday, October 29, a Supper to commence at 6 p.m.

Two carloads of ladies attended the W. I. Convention held in Drumheller on October 4. Despite the different accidents, the members agreed home O. K.

Mrs. C. Lawrence, who has been on the sick list, is much improved.

Mrs. Carson, of Vancouver, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Hoover.

Godfrey Herman, an old timer of this district, is visiting his parents and sister, Mrs. Herzog.

The October meeting of the M. F. W. I. was held at the home of Mrs. S. Wylie on October 7. A very interesting programme being submitted. Dr. Kydd, of Delia, gave a very educational talk on the prevention of diseases. Mrs Wylie, as delegate to the Drumheller Convention, gave a splendid report. Mrs. A. B. Allen made the presentation of a signet ring to the entrance pupils. Marion Wylie and Stella Larson. The Roll Call was answered by wit and humor.—A dainty lunch was served, assisted hostesses being Mrs A. Carson and Miss Milne.

Miss Brown motored to Calgary Friday for the week end.

CRAIGMYLE NEWS.

We regret to report the serious illness of Mrs F. H. Mc Auliffe, due to some internal malady, but are pleased to report that she is improving, and is the wish of her many friends that she will soon be well again.

On Sunday last the Anniversary Services in connection with the Union Church here were conducted by the Rev. J. R. Geeson, of Delia, and were attended by large congregations at both services. The original arrangement was for the evening service to have been conducted by the Rev. A. W. Coote of Hanna, but owing to the state of the roads it was decided that Rev Mr Geeson should stay here and conduct the evening service instead of going to Hanna, and Rev. Mr Coote coming here.

The marriage of Miss Pearl French, sister of Mrs J. G. Ness of this district, to Norman John Ashton, of this district, was solemnized quietly at Custer on Monday, 4th inst., at the United Church Parsonage there. Mr. and Mrs. Ashton arrived home here on Monday evening and, no doubt, the customary charivari may be looked for at an early date.

On Saturday last John Anderson had the misfortune to break his leg through getting it crushed by a gasoline drum. He was promptly taken by Arthur McVeigh to Dr. Crawford, who went with him to Hanna Hospital, and it is hoped that he will have a good recovery.

Mrs. A. Hagle returned home at the end of last week after spending several months visiting friends in Calgary.

Mrs. F. E. Newman, Mrs. I. H. Franke, and Miss Frances Franke spent several days in Calgary last week.

ONE ON DOC

Dr. Corbett—"What you need, my dear young lady, is a little sun and air."

Patient—"Why, the very idea, I am not even married."

The Pioneer Store

And House of Quality

FOR EVERYTHING IN

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

WE HAVE IT

A full line of the famous

Acme Leather-lined Mackinaws
Leather, Buckskin and Horseskin Vests
Gloves, Mitts and Sox

15% Off all Unlined MACKINAW COATS

A FULL LINE OF

Carstine Fall and Winter Caps

Mr. Palmer, of the House of Hobberlin, will be in this Store Saturday, October 23 with a full Range of Men's Suitings. Your Measurements Absolutely Guaranteed, and Prices are Right.

W. B. DUNLOP

Phone 1

The Queen's Hotel, Delia

(Under New Management)

Excellent Cuisine. All Meals 50c.

Farmers patronage especially catered to.
Our room rates are reasonable.

STAN. WALKER, Proprietor

National Elevator Company

We respectfully solicit your patronage

PROMPT SERVICE

We handle
Both POOL and NON-POOL WHEAT

Best grades of

COAL!

ALWAYS IN STOCK

C. M. TODD
BUYER, DELIA
Phones: Office, 22; Res., 30

The Burbank Range

A Modern Range for the Modern Home. Built Step by Step, Better, Stronger and more Perfect in Design. That is why we call it the "Burbank." Price

$95.00

R. A. STEWART

Hardware, Furniture, Tinsmithing
Phone 4, DELIA

The Churches

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

Rev. J. R. GEESON, M.A., B.D., Pastor

Services are held as follows:—

Every 1st, 3rd and 5th Sunday of the month—

Verdant Valley	12 noon
Rainbow	2 p.m.
Delia	3.30 p.m.

Every 2nd and 4th Sunday—

Lloyd George	2 p.m.
Sheridan Hill	3.30 p.m.

In Delia United Church—

Sunday School at 11 a.m.	
Divine Worship at 7.30 p.m.	

The topic for next Sunday will be—"Religious Indifference."

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Dr. M. WHITE, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

DELIA

Sunday School	11 a.m.
Preaching Service	7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting (Wed.)	8 p.m.

CRAIGMYLE (Eaton School)

Sunday School	2 p.m.
Preaching Service	3 p.m.